## **B.Tech – R21 COURSE STRUCTURE** (Applicable from the batch admitted during 2021-22 and onwards) Department of Computer Science & Engineering (AI&ML)

		I-Year I–Semester				
S.	Subject	Subject	Hours Per Week		Credits	
No.	Code		L	T	P	
1	21MA101BS	Linear Algebra and Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	21PH101BS	Applied Physics	3	1	0	4
3	21CS101ES	Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	0	4
4	21ME103ES	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	4
5	21PH102BS	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
6	21CS102ES	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	0	0	3	1.5
		TOTAL	10	2	10	19
7	21MC101ES	Environmental Science	2	0	0	0

	I-Year II—Semester					
S.	Subject	Subject	<b>Hours Per Week</b>		Credits	
No.	Code		L	T	P	
1	21MA202BS	Advanced Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	21CH201BS	Chemistry	3	1	0	4
3	21EE201ES	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	0	3
4	21ME202ES	Engineering Workshop	1	0	3	2.5
5	21EN201HS	English	2	0	0	2
6	21CH202BS	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	21EN202HS	English Language and Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
8	21EE202ES	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1
		TOTAL	12	3	10	19

		II-Year I–Semester				
S. No.	Subject Code	Subject Hours Per Week			er	Credits
140.	Code		L	T	P	
1	21CS340PC	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	3
2	21CS303PC	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
3	21CS311PC	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	0	0	3
4	21CS315PC	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
5	21CS313PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java	3	0	0	3
6	21CS304PC	Data Structures Lab	0	0	2	1
7	21CS316PC	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	2	1
8	21CS314PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java Lab	0	0	2	1
9	21CS312PC	IT Workshop Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	21MA308BS	Aptitude and Critical Thinking Skills Practice	0	0	3	1.5
	TOTAL 15 00 12				12	21
Mand	latory Course (No	n-Credit)	•	•	•	•
11	21MC302	Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0

II-Year II-Semester						
S.	Subject Code	Subject		ours I	Credits	
No.	Subject Code			T	P	Cicuits
1	21CS424PC	Formal Language and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3
2	21CS409PC	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
3	21CS405PC	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
4	21SM401MS	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
5	21CS417PC	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
6	21CS410PC	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	21CS406PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	21CS418PC	Operating System Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	21HS401	Social Innovation in Practice	0	0	3	1.5
TOTAL 15 0 12				21		
Manda	atory Course (Non-	,				
10	21MC403	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0

	III-Year I–Semester						
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Credit s	
1	21CS531PC	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3	
2	21CS533PC	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	
3	21CS520PC	Python Programming	3	0	0	3	
4	21CS535PC	Compiler Design	3	0	0	3	
5		Professional Elective - I	3	0	0	3	
6	21CS532PC	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
7	21CS534PC	Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
8	21CS521PC	Python Programming Lab	0	0	2	1	
9	21CS536PC	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	2	1	
10	21CS5174PR	Summer Internship - I	0	0	0	1	
		<b>Total Credits</b>	15	0	10	21	
Manda	tory Course (	Non-Credit)	-				
10	21MC504	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	0	
11	21MC506	Cyber Security	3	0	0	0	

	III-Year II-Semester					
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Credit s
1	21CS628PC	Fundamentals of IoT	3	0	0	3
2	21CS653PC	DevOps	3	0	0	3
3	21CS619PC	Natural Language Processing	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective – II	3	0	0	3
5		Open Elective - I	3	0	0	3
6	21CS655PC	Artificial Intelligence and Natural Language Processing Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	21CS654PC	DevOps Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	21CS648PC	IoT Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	21EN603HS	Advanced English Communication Skills Lab	0	0	3	1.5
		Total Credits	15	0	12	21
_		Mandatory Course (Non-Credit)				
10	*21MC605	Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
11	21MC609	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition Part-I	3	0	0	0

	IV-Year I–Semester						
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits	
1	21CS756PC	Neural Networks & Deep Learning	3	0	0	3	
2	21CS757PC	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0	3	
3		Professional Elective - III	3	0	0	3	
4		Professional Elective - IV	3	0	0	3	
5		Open Elective - II	3	0	0	3	
6	21CS758PC	Deep Learning Lab	0	0	2	1	
7	21CS7175PC	Summer Internship - II	0	0	0	1	
8	21CS7176PC	Project Stage - I	0	0	8	4	
		Total Credits	15	0	10	21	

		IV-Year II–Semester				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Professional Elective - V	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective - VI	3	0	0	3
3		Open Elective - III	3	0	0	3
4	21CS8177PC	Project Stage - II	0	0	16	8
		Total Credits	9	0	16	17

L ist of Professional Electives for CSE(AI&ML)

Subject code	Professional Elective	Subject name
21CS592PE		Graph Theory
21CS593PE	Description of Election I	Introduction to Data Science
21CS594PE	Professional Elective – I	Web Programming
21CS595PE		Image Processing
21CS596PE		Computer Graphics
21CS597PE		Cyber Forensics
21CS668PE		Information Retrieval Systems
21CS698PE		Software Testing Methodologies
21CS699PE	Professional Elective – II	Pattern Recognition
21CS6100PE		Computer Vision and Robotics
21CS6101PE		Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence
21CS6102PE		Cyber Laws
21CS7103PE		Internet of Things
21CS7104PE	Professional Elective – III	Data Mining
21CS7105PE	Frotessional Elective – III	Scripting Languages
21CS7106PE		Mobile Application Development
21CS7107PE		Cryptography and Network Security
21CS7108PE		Quantum Computing
21CS7109PE	Duefessional Floating IV	Expert Systems
21CS7110PE	Professional Elective – IV	Cloud Computing
21CS7111PE		Game Theory
21CS7112PE		Mobile Computing
21CS8113PE		Social Network Analysis
21CS8114PE	Professional Elective –V	Federated Machine Learning
21CS8115PE	Professional Elective – v	Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality
21CS8116PE		Web Security
21CS8117PE		Ad-hoc & Sensor Networks
21CS8118PE		Speech and Video Processing
21CS8119PE	Professional Elective –VI	Robotics Process Automation
21CS8120PE	1 Totessional Elective – VI	Randomized Algorithms
21CS8121PE		Cognitive Computing
21CS8122PE		Semantic Web

## 21MA101BS: LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

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## Course Objectives: To learn

- Types of matrices and their properties.
- Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system
  of linear equations.
- Concept of Eigen values and eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form
- Concept of Sequence.
- Concept of nature of the series.
- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
- Evaluation of surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves.
- Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.
- Partial differentiation, concept of total derivative
- Finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.

#### **Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyse the solution of the system of
  equations
- Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors
- Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Analyse the nature of sequence and series.
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems.
- Evaluate the improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints.

## **UNIT-I: Matrices**

Matrices: Types of Matrices, Symmetric; Hermitian; Skew-symmetric; Skew-Hermitian; orthogonal matrices; Unitary Matrices; rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method; System of linear equations; solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations. Gauss elimination method; Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

## **UNIT-II: Eigen values and Eigen vectors**

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values and Eigenvectors and their properties: Diagonalization of a matrix; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof); finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem; Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms; Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation

#### **UNIT-III: Sequences & Series**

Sequence: Definition of a Sequence, limit; Convergent, Divergent and Oscillatory sequences.

Series: Convergent, Divergent and Oscillatory Series; Series of positive terms; Comparison test, p-test, D-Alembert's ratio test; Raabe's test; Cauchy's Integral test; Cauchy's root test; logarithmic test. Alternating series: Leibnitz test; Alternating Convergent series: Absolute and Conditionally Convergence.

## **UNIT-IV: Calculus**

Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem. Taylor's Series.

Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (Only in Cartesian coordinates), Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

#### **UNIT-V:** Multivariable calculus (Partial Differentiation and applications)

Definitions of Limit and continuity.

Partial Differentiation; Euler's Theorem; Total derivative; Jacobian; Functional dependence & independence, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- 2. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11<sup>th</sup>Reprint, 2010.

21PH101BS: APPLIED PHYSICS

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 1 0 4

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Students will demonstrate skills in scientific inquiry, problem solving and laboratory techniques.
- Students will be able to demonstrate competency and understanding of the concepts found in Quantum Mechanics, Fiber optics and lasers, Semiconductor physics and Electromagnetic theory and a broad base of knowledge in physics.
- The graduates will be able to solve non-traditional problems that potentially draw on knowledge in multiple areas of physics.
- To study applications in engineering like memory devices, transformer core and electromagnetic machinery.

## **Course Outcomes:** Upon graduation:

- The student would be able to learn the fundamental concepts on Quantum behaviour of matter in its micro state.
- The knowledge of fundamentals of Semiconductor physics, Optoelectronics, Lasers and fibre optics enable the students to apply to various systems like communications, solar cell, photo cellsand so on.
- Design, characterization and study of properties of material help the students to prepare new materials for various engineering applications.
- The course also helps the students to be exposed to the phenomena of electromagnetism and also to have exposure on magnetic materials and dielectric materials.

## **UNIT-I: Quantum Mechanics**

Introduction to quantum physics, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, de-Broglie's hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, Born's interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger's time independent waveequation, Particle in one dimensional box.

## **UNIT-II: Semiconductor Physics**

Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier-concentration and temperature, Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Hall effect, p- n junction diode, Zener diode and their V-I Characteristics, Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Construction, Principle of operation.

## **UNIT-III: Optoelectronics**

Radiative and non-radiative recombination mechanisms in semiconductors, LED and semiconductor lasers: Device structure, Materials, Characteristics and figures of merit, Semiconductor photodetectors: Solar cell, PIN and Avalanche and their structure, Materials, working principle and Characteristics.

## **UNIT-IV: Lasers and Fibre Optics**

Lasers: Introduction to interaction of radiation with matter, Coherence, Principle and working of Laser, Population inversion, Pumping, Types of Lasers: Ruby laser, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) laser, He-Ne laser, Applications of laser. Fibre Optics: Introduction, Optical fibre as a dielectric wave guide, Total internal reflection, Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone and Numerical aperture, Step and Graded index fibres, Losses associated with optical fibres, Applications of optical fibres.

## **UNIT-V: Electromagnetism and Magnetic Properties of Materials**

Laws of electrostatics, Electric current and the continuity equation, Ampere's and Faraday's laws, Maxwell's equations, Polarisation, Permittivity and Dielectric constant, Internal fields in a solid, Clausius-Mossotti equation, Ferroelectrics and Piezoelectrics. Magnetisation, permeability and

susceptibility, Classification of magnetic materials, Ferromagnetism and ferromagnetic domains, Hysteresis, Applications of magnetic materials.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi Cengage Learing.
- 2. Halliday and Resnick, Physics Wiley.
- 3. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar S. Chand

- 1. Richard Robinett, Quantum Mechanics
- 2. J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc Graw-Hill inc. (1995).
- 3. Online Course: -Optoelectronic Materials and Devices|| by Monica Katiyar and Deepak Gupthaon NPTEL

## 21CS101ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

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3 1 0 4

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of C programming language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.

## Course Outcomes: The student will learn

- To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
- To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs.
- To code and test a given logic in C programming language.
- To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

## **UNIT - 1: Introduction to Programming**

Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system, compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program etc., Number systems Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntaxand Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion, The main method and command line arguments

Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND, OR, XOR and NOT operators

Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branchingwith if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, goto, Iteration with for, while, do-while loops

I/O: Simple input and output with scanf and printf, formatted I/O, Introduction to stdin, stdout and stderr.Command line arguments

## **UNIT - II: Arrays, Strings, Structures and Pointers:**

Arrays: one and two dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions availablein C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings

Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures

Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumeration data type

## **UNIT - III: Pre-processor and File handling in C:**

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data toexisting files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell andrewind functions.

## **UNIT - IV: Function and Dynamic Memory Allocation:**

types

Functions: Designing structured programs, Declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and ibraries Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series etc., Limitations of Recursive functions Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory, Allocating memory for arrays of different data

## **UNIT - V: Introduction to Algorithms:**

Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a givenset, finding if a number is prime number, etc.

Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques),

Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms), Basic concept of order of complexity through the example programs

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup>Edition)

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
- 2. Hall of India
- 3. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- 4. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

## 21ME103ES: ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

1 0 4 4

## Pre-requisites: Nil Course objectives:

- To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing.
- To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects.
- To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Preparing working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

## UNIT-I

**Introduction to Engineering Drawing:** Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Scales – Plain & Diagonal.

## **UNIT-II**

**Orthographic Projections:** Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures.—Auxiliary Planes.

## UNIT - III

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views - Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere

## UNIT - IV

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone, Intersection of Solids: Intersection of – Prism vs Prism-Cylinder Vs Cylinder

## UNIT - V

**Isometric Projections:** Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non-isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions

## **Introduction to CAD: (For Internal Evaluation Weightage only):**

Introduction to CAD Software Package Commands - Free Hand Sketches of 2D - Creation of 2DSketches by CAD Package

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
- 2. Engineering Drawing / N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali/Oxford

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing / Basant Agrawal and McAgrawal/ McGraw Hill
- 2. Engineering Drawing/ M. B. Shah, B.C. Rane / Pearson.

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing – K Balaveera Reddy et al – CBS Publishers

## 21PH102BS: APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

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## **List of Experiments:**

1. Energy gap of P-N junction diode:

To determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode.

2. Solar Cell:

To study the V-I Characteristics of solar cell.

3. Light emitting diode:

Plot V-I and P-I characteristics of light emitting diode.

4. Stewart – Gee's experiment:

Determination of magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil.

5 Hall effects

To determine Hall co-efficient of a given semiconductor.

6. Photoelectric effect:

To determine work function of a given material.

7. LASER:

To study the characteristics of LASER sources.

8. Optical fibre:

To determine the bending losses of Optical fibres.

9. LCR Circuit:

To determine the Quality factor of LCR Circuit.

10. R-C Circuit:

To determine the time constant of R-C circuit.

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed

#### 21CS102ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

## B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L TP C 0 0 3 1.5

## **Course Objectives:** The students will learn the following:

- To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- To analyze the various steps in program development.
- To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
- To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- To Write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocation concept.
- To create, read from and write to text and binary files

### **Course Outcomes:** The candidate is expected to be able to:

- formulate the algorithms for simple problems
- translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- identify and correct logical errors encountered during execution
- represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
- use pointers of different types
- create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files
- modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

## **Practice sessions:**

- a. Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/post increment, bitwise and/or/not, etc.). Read required operand values from standard input.
- b. Write a simple program that converts one given data type to another using auto conversion and casting. Take the values form standard input.

## Simple numeric problems:

- a. Write a program for fiend the max and min from the three numbers.
- b. Write the program for the simple, compound interest.
- c. Write program that declares Class awarded for a given percentage of marks, where mark

<40% = Failed, 40% to <60% = Second class, 60% to <70% = First class, >= 70% = Distinction. Read percentage from standard input.

- d. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows in the table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output should be:
- e.  $5 \times 1 = 5$
- f.  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- g.  $5 \times 3 = 15$
- h. Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255.

## **Expression Evaluation:**

- a. A building has 10 floors with a floor height of 3 meters each. A ball is dropped from the top of the building. Find the time taken by the ball to reach each floor. (Use the formula  $s = ut + (1/2)at^2$  where u and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec<sup>2</sup> (= 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>)).
- b. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,\*, /, % and use Switch Statement)
- c. Write a program that finds if a given number is a prime number
- d. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number is palindrome.

- e. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Writea C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
- f. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by
- g. Write a C program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.
- h. Write a C program to calculate the following, where x is a fractional value i.  $1-x/2+x^2/4-x^3/6$
- j. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:  $1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n$ . For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

## **Arrays and Pointers and Functions:**

- a. Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.
- b. Write a functions to compute mean, variance, Standard Deviation, sorting of n elements insingle dimension array.
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
- d. Addition of Two Matrices
- e. ii. Multiplication of Two Matrices
- f. iii. Transpose of a matrix with memory dynamically allocated for the new matrix as row and column counts may not be same.
- g. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions
- h. To find the factorial of a given integer.
- i. ii. To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
- i. iii. To find x^n
- k. Write a program for reading elements using pointer into array and display the values using array.
- I. Write a program for display values reverse order from array using pointer.
- m. Write a program through pointer variable to sum of n elements from array.

## **Files:**

- a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file to standard output device.
- b. Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters with their uppercase equivalents.
- c. Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command line arguments.
- d. Write a C program that does the following:

It should first create a binary file and store 10 integers, where the file name and 10 values are given in the command line. (hint: convert the strings using atoi function)

Now the program asks for an index and a value from the user and the value at that index shouldbe changed to the new value in the file. (hint: use fseek function)

The program should then read all 10 values and print them back.

e. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the firs t file followedby those of the second are put in the third file).

## **Strings:**

- a. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral ranging from I to L to its decimal equivalent.
- b. Write a C program that converts a number ranging from 1 to 50 to Roman equivalent
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- d. To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
- e. ii. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- f. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in both directions with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba, etc.)
- g. Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or 1 if S doesn\_tcontain ch.
- h. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

## **Miscellaneous:**

- a. Write a menu driven C program that allows a user to enter n numbers and then choose betweenfinding the smallest, largest, sum, or average. The menu and all the choices are to be functions. Use a switch statement to determine what action to take. Display an error message if an invalidchoice is entered.
- b. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers as follows:

1	*	1	1	*
1 2	* *	2 3	2 2	* *
1 2 3	* * *	4 5 6	3 3 3	* *
				*
			4 4 4 4	* *
				*

## **Sorting and Searching:**

- a. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given
- b. list of integers using linear search method.
- c. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given
- d. sorted list of integers using binary search method.
- e. Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given list of
- f. integers in ascending order.
- g. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- h. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort in ascending order
- i. Write a C program that sorts a given array of names

## Suggested Reference Books for solving the problems:

- i. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- ii. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup>Edition)
- iii. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
- iv. Hall of India
- v. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- vi. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- vii. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

## **R21 Regulations**

## BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## \*21MC101ES: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 0

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

#### **Course Outcomes:**

 Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development

#### **UNIT-I**

**Ecosystems:** Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

## **UNIT-II**

**Natural Resources: Classification of Resources:** Living and Non-Living resources, **water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

## **UNIT-III**

**Biodiversity And Biotic Resources:** Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situconservation. National Biodiversity act.

## **UNIT-IV**

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary.

Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-GoI Initiatives.

## **UNIT-V**

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedicalwaste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan

(EMP). **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and itsexplosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL LearningPrivate Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHILearning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age international publishers.
- 5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

## 21MA202BS: ADVANCED CALCULUS

## **Common for All Branches**

#### B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 1 0 4

#### Course Objectives: To learn

- Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications
- The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions
- The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals

## **Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes, centre of mass and Gravity for cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelopiped
- Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another

#### **UNIT-I: First Order ODE**

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations; Applications: Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay; Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

#### **UNIT-II: Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order**

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type  $e^{as}$ , sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x,  $e^{as}V(x)$  and x V(x); method of variation of parameters; Equations reducible to linear ODE with constant coefficients: Legendre's equation, Cauchy-Euler equation.

#### **UNIT-III: Multivariable Calculus (Integration)**

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates); change of order of integration (only Cartesian form); Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals.

Applications: Areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals), Centre of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities) by double and triple integrals (applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelopiped).

#### **UNIT-IV: Vector Differentiation**

Vector point functions and scalar point functions. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and normal line. Vector Identities. Scalar potential functions. Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

## **UNIT-V: Vector Integration**

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (without proofs) and their applications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons,2006
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CBS Publishes
- 2. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

21CH201BS: CHEMISTRY

#### B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C

### **Course Objectives:**

- To bring adaptability to the concepts of chemistry and to acquire the required skills to become aperfect engineer.
- To impart the basic knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic modifications which makesthe student to understand the technology based on them.
- To acquire the knowledge of electrochemistry, corrosion and water treatment which are essential for the Engineers and in industry.
- To acquire the skills pertaining to spectroscopy and to apply them for medical and other fields.
- To impart the knowledge of stereochemistry and synthetic aspects useful for understanding reaction pathways

**Course Outcomes:** The basic concepts included in this course will help the student to gain:

- The knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic changes, band theory related to conductivity.
- The required principles and concepts of electrochemistry, corrosion and in understanding the problem of water and its treatments.
- The required skills to get clear concepts on basic spectroscopy and application to medical andother fields.
- The knowledge of configurational and conformational analysis of molecules and reactionmechanisms.

#### UNIT - I:

**Molecular structure and Theories of Bonding:** Atomic and Molecular orbitals. Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO), molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules, molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N2, O2 and F2 molecules.  $\pi$  molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene.

Crystal Field Theory (CFT): Salient Features of CFT – Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion d- orbitals in Tetrahedral, Octahedral and square planar geometries. Band structure of solids and effect of doping on conductance.

#### **UNIT - II:**

Water and its treatment: Introduction – hardness of water – Causes of hardness - Types of hardness:temporary and permanent – expression and units of hardness – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications. Steps involved in treatment of water – Disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization. Boiler feed water and its treatment – Calgon conditioning, Phosphate conditioning and Colloidal conditioning. External treatment of water – Ion exchange process. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems.

## **UNIT - III:**

**Electrochemistry and corrosion:** Electro chemical cells – electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes – calomel, Quinhydrone and glass electrode. Nernst equation Determination of pH of a solution by using quinhydrone and glass electrode. Electrochemical series and its applications. Numerical problems. Potentiometric titrations. Batteries – Primary (Lithium cell) and secondary batteries (Lead – acid storage battery and Lithium ion battery).

Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings – methods of application. Electroless plating of Nickel.

#### **UNIT - IV:**

**Stereochemistry, Reaction Mechanism and synthesis of drug molecules:** Introduction to representation of 3-dimensional structures, Structural and stereoisomers, configurations, symmetry and chirality. Enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity and Absolute configuration. Conformation alanalysis of n-butane.

Substitution reactions: Nucleophilic substitution reactions: Mechanism of SN1, SN2 reactions. Electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions: Addition of HBr to propene. Markownikoff and anti Markownikoff's additions. Grignard additions on carbonyl compounds. Elimination reactions: Dehydro halogenation of alkylhalides. Saytzeff rule. Oxidation reactions: Oxidation of alcohols using KMnO4 and chromic acid.

Reduction reactions: reduction of carbonyl compounds using LiAlH4 & NaBH4. Hydroboration of olefins. Structure, synthesis and pharmaceutical applications of Paracetamol and Aspirin.

## UNIT - V:

**Spectroscopic techniques and applications:** Principles of spectroscopy, selection rules and applications of electronic spectroscopy, vibrational and rotational spectroscopy. Basic concepts of Nuclear magnetic resonance Spectroscopy, chemical shift. Introduction to Magnetic resonance imaging.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Physical Chemistry, by P.W. Atkins
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain & M.Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., NewDelhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N. Banwell
- 4. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K.P.C. Volhardt and N.E.Schore, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 5. University Chemistry, by B.M. Mahan, Pearson IV Edition.
- 6. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B.L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S. Krishnan

#### 21EE201ES: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

#### B.Tech, I Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the concepts of electrical circuits and its components
- To understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phase circuits
- To study and understand the different types of DC/AC machines and Transformers.
- To import the knowledge of various electrical installations.
- To introduce the concept of power, power factor and its improvement.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- To analyze and solve electrical circuits using network laws and theorems.
- To understand and analyze basic Electric and Magnetic circuits
- To study the working principles of Electrical Machines
- To introduce components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations

## **UNIT-I: D.C. Circuits**

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems.

Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

#### **UNIT-II: A.C. Circuits**

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series R-L-C circuit.

Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

#### **UNIT-III: Transformers**

Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Autotransformer and three-phase transformer connections.

#### **UNIT-IV: Electrical Machines**

Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor. Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor.

Construction and working of synchronous generators.

#### **UNIT-V: Electrical Installations**

Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

#### **TEXT BOOKS/ REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 3rd edition 2010, Tata McGrawHill.
- 2. D.C. Kulshreshtha, -Basic Electrical Engineering , McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2011
- 4. Electrical and Electronics Technology, E. Hughes, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 5. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, Second Edition, Prentice Hall India,1989.

#### 21ME202ES: ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C
1 0 3 2.5

Pre-requisites: Practical skill

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipments and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipmentand machines.
- To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.

#### **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including pluming, fitting, carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes includingdrilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

### 1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:

#### At least two exercises from each trade:

- I. Carpentry (T-Lap Joint, Dovetail Joint, Mortise & Tenon Joint)
- II. Fitting (V-Fit, Dovetail Fit & Semi-circular fit)
- III. Tin-Smithy (Square Tin, Rectangular Tray & Conical Funnel)
- IV. Foundry (Preparation of Green Sand Mould using Single Piece and Split Pattern)
- V. Welding Practice (Arc Welding & Gas Welding)
- VI. House-wiring (Parallel & Series, Two-way Switch and Tube Light)
- VII. Black Smithy (Round to Square, Fan Hook and S-Hook)

## 2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION & EXPOSURE:

Plumbing, Machine Shop, Metal Cutting (Water Plasma), Power tools in construction and WoodWorking

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja / Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal / Anuradha.

- 1. Work shop Manual P. Kannaiah/ K. L. Narayana/ SciTech
- 2. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/ BSP

21EN201HS: ENGLISH

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C 2 0 0 2

#### INTRODUCTION

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire language skills, the syllabus of English has been designed to develop linguistic, communicative and critical thinking competencies of Engineering students.

In English classes, the focus should be on the skills development in the areas of vocabulary, grammar, reading and writing. For this, the teachers should use the prescribed text for detailed study. The students should be encouraged to read the texts leading to reading comprehension and different passages may be given for practice in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each excerpt, and also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind, for example, newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc. *The focus in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills in various contexts and cultures.* 

## **Learning Objectives:** The course will help to

- Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
- Equip students to study academic subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of English syllabus.
- Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

#### Course Outcomes: Students should be able to

- Use English Language effectively in spoken and written forms.
- Comprehend the given texts and respond appropriately.
- Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures.
- Acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writingand speaking skills.

## **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT I**

'The Raman Effect' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary Building**: The Concept of Word Formation -- The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes. **Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions. **Reading:** Reading and Its Importance-Techniques for Effective Reading.

**Basic Writing Skills:** Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences- Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for writing precisely – **Paragraph writing** – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

#### UNIT -II

'Ancient Architecture in India' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' publishedby Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms.

**Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.

**Reading:** Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension

**Writing:** Format of a Formal Letter-**Writing Formal Letters** E.g., Letter of Complaint, Letter ofRequisition, Job Application with Resume.

#### UNIT -III

'Blue Jeans' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by CambridgeUniversity Press.

Vocabulary: Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages in English to form

Derivatives-Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses.

Reading: Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning

Writing: Nature and Style of Sensible Writing- Defining- Describing Objects, Places and Events –

Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence

#### UNIT -IV

'What Should You Be Eating' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Standard Abbreviations in English

**Grammar:** Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

Reading: Comprehension-Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading

Writing: Writing Practices--Writing Introduction and Conclusion - Essay Writing-Précis Writing.

#### UNIT-V

'How a Chinese Billionaire Built Her Fortune' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary**: Technical Vocabulary and their usage

**Grammar:** Common Errors in English

**Reading:** Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

Writing: Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports

Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing aReport.

#### **TEXTBOOK:**

1. Sudarshana, N.P. and Savitha, C. (2018). English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press.

- 1. Swan, M. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Kumar, S and Lata, P. (2018). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Zinsser, William. (2001). On Writing Well. Harper Resource Book.
- 5. Hamp-Lyons, L. (2006). Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts I –III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

#### 21CH202BS: ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

**Course Objectives:** The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry requiredfor engineering student. The student will learn:

- Estimation of hardness and chloride content in water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as an function of time.
- The measurement of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- To synthesize the drug molecules and check the purity of organic molecules by thin layer chromatographic (TLC) technique.

#### **Course Outcomes:** The experiments will make the student gain skills on:

- Determination of parameters like hardness and chloride content in water.
- Estimation of rate constant of a reaction from concentration time relationships.
- Determination of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- Calculation of Rf values of some organic molecules by TLC technique.

### **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Determination of total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry
- 3. Estimation of an HCl by Conductometric titrations
- 4. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conductometric titrations
- 5. Estimation of HCl by Potentiometric titrations
- 6. Estimation of Fe<sup>2+</sup> by Potentiometry using KMnO4
- 7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of methyl acetate
- 8. Synthesis of Aspirin and Paracetamol
- 9. Thin layer chromatography calculation of Rf values. eg ortho and para nitro phenols
- 10. Determination of acid value of coconut oil
- 11. Verification of freundlich adsorption isotherm-adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal
- 12. Determination of viscosity of castor oil and ground nut oil by using Ostwald's viscometer.
- 13. Determination of partition coefficient of acetic acid between n-butanol and water.
- 14. Determination of surface tension of a give liquid using stalagmometer.

- 1. Senior practical physical chemistry, B.D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co., Delhi)
- 2. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D. S. Sharma (Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)
- 3. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5<sup>th</sup> edition
- 4. Text book on Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry S.S. Dara

#### 21EN202HS: ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 2 1

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- □ To facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- □ To sensitize students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonationand rhythm
- □ To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- $\ \square$  To improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mothertongue influence

To train students to use language appropriately for public speaking and interviews

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to attain

- □ Better understanding of nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities
  - Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- □ Speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employabilityskills

#### **Syllabus**

English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

#### **Listening Skills**

Objectives

- 1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRWskills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
- 2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speechof people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- · Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

## **Speaking Skills**

Objectives

- 1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts
- 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts
  - Oral practice: Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions
  - Describing objects/situations/people
  - Role play Individual/Group activities
- > The following course content is prescribed for the English Language and Communication Skills Lab based on Unit-6 of AICTE Model Curriculum 2018 for B.Tech First English. As the syllabus isvery limited, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials by the teachers collectively in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effectiveteaching/learning and timesaving in the Lab)

Exercise - I

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening.

Practice: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants.

#### ICS Lab:

Understand: Communication at Work Place- Spoken vs. Written language.

*Practice:* Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking Leave – Introducing Oneself and Others.

## Exercise - IICALL

#### Lab:

 ${\it Understand:}\ Structure\ of\ Syllables-Word\ Stress\ and\ Rhythm-Weak\ Forms\ and\ Strong\ Forms\ in Context.$ 

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

#### ICS Lab:

*Understand:* Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues - Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations - Making Requests and Seeking

Permissions - Telephone Etiquette.

## **Exercise - IIICALL**

#### Lab:

*Understand:* Intonation-Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI).

Practice: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation - Differences in British and American

Pronunciation.

#### ICS Lab:

*Understand:* How to make Formal Presentations.

Practice: Formal Presentations.

#### Exercise - IVCALL

#### Lab:

*Understand:* Listening for General Details. *Practice:* Listening Comprehension Tests.**ICS** 

Lab:

*Understand:* Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks.

Practice: Making a Short Speech – Extempore.

#### Exercise - VCALL

#### Lab:

*Understand:* Listening for Specific Details. *Practice:* Listening Comprehension Tests.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Interview Skills. Practice:

Mock Interviews.

## Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

## 1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:

**The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab** has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.

#### **System Requirement (Hardware component):**

Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the followingspecifications:

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones

#### 2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab:

**The Interactive Communication Skills Lab:** A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public-Address System, a LCD and a projector etc.

#### 21EE202ES: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 2 1

## **Course Objectives:**

- To analyze a given network by applying various electrical laws and network theorems
- To know the response of electrical circuits for different excitations
- To calculate, measure and know the relation between basic electrical parameters.
- To analyze the performance characteristics of DC and AC electrical machines

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Get an exposure to basic electrical laws.
- Understand the response of different types of electrical circuits to different excitations.
- Understand the measurement, calculation and relation between the basic electrical parameters
- Understand the basic characteristics of transformers and electrical machines.

#### List of experiments/demonstrations:

- 1. Verification of Ohms Law
- 2. Verification of KVL and KCL
- 3. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits using DC excitation
- 4. Transient Response of RLC Series circuit using DC excitation
- 5. Resonance in series RLC circuit
- 6. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC series circuits
- Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of aSingle-Phase Transformer
- 8. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
- 9. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-Star, Star-Star)
- 10. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
- 11. Performance Characteristics of a Separately/Self Excited DC Shunt/Compound Motor
- 12. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Separately/Self Excited DC Shunt/Compound Motor
- 13. Performance Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor
- 14. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor

No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS) 21CS340PC-DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LT P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives**

- Introduces the elementary discrete mathematics for computer science and engineering.
- Topics include formal logic notation, methods of proof, induction, sets, relations, graph theory, permutations and combinations, counting principles; recurrence relations and generating functions.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand and construct precise mathematical proofs
- Ability to use logic and set theory to formulate precise statements
- Ability to analyze and solve counting problems on finite and discrete structures
- Ability to describe and manipulate sequences
- Ability to apply graph theory in solving computing problems

#### UNIT - I

**The Foundations:** Logic and Proofs: Propositional Logic, Normal Forms, Propositional Equivalence, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers, Rules of Inference, Introduction to Proofs, Proof Methods and Strategy.

#### **UNIT - II**

Basic Structures, Sets, Binary Relations ,Functions, Sequences, Sums, Sequences & Summations, Relations and Their Properties, n-array Relations and Their Applications, Representing Relations, Closures of Relations, Equivalence Relations.

### UNIT - III

**Algorithms, Induction and Recursion:** Algorithms, the Growth of Functions, Complexity of Algorithms. **Induction and Recursion**: Mathematical Induction, Strong Induction and Well-Ordering, Recursive Definitions and Structural Induction, Recursive Algorithms.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Discrete Probability and Advanced Counting Techniques:** An Introduction to Discrete Probability, Probability Theory, Bayes' Theorem, Expected Value and Variance

**Advanced Counting Techniques:** Recurrence Relations, Solving Linear Recurrence Relations, Divide-and-Conquer Algorithms and Recurrence Relations, Generating Functions, Inclusion-Exclusion, Applications of Inclusion-Exclusion

#### UNIT - V

**Graphs:** Graphs and Graph Models, Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamilton Paths, Shortest-Path Problems, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring.

Trees: Introduction to Trees, Applications of Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory- Kenneth H Rosen, 7th Edition, TMH.

- 1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science-J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, TMH.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians: Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Teodore P. Baker, 2nd ed, Pearson Education.
- 3. Discrete Mathematics- Richard Johnsonbaugh, 7Th Edn., Pearson Education.
- 4. Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory- Edgar G. Goodaire, Michael M. Parmenter.
- 5. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics an applied introduction: Ralph.P. Grimald, 5th edition, Pearson Education.

#### 21CS303PC - DATA STRUCTURES

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LT P C 3 0 0 3

## Course Objectives:

- Exploring basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs.
- Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms

#### Course Outcomes:

- Ability to select the data structures that efficiently model the information in a problem.
- Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and AVL-trees.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Data Structures, Abstract Data Types, Types of Data Structures, Linked List, Types of Linked List, Linked List Operations and Implementation.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Stacks:** Operations, Array and Linked Representations of Stacks, Stack Applications- Expression Evaluation, Recursion, Keeping Track of Function Calls.

Queues: Operations, Array and Linked Representation of Queues, Queue Applications.

#### UNIT - III

**Dictionaries:** Linear List Representation, Skip List Representation, Operations - Insertion, Deletion and Searching.

**Hash Table Representation:** Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques-Separate Chaining, Open Addressing Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Re-hashing, Extendible Hashing.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Search Trees:** Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black Trees, Splay Trees.

#### UNIT - V

**Graphs:** Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

**Sorting:** Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Merge Sort and Heap Sort.

Pattern Matching and Tries: Pattern Matching Algorithms- Brute Force, The Boyer – Moore Algorithm and The Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
- 2. Data Structures using C A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B.A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

## **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS311PC - COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LT P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, micro programmed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the basics of instructions sets and their impact on processor design.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
- Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory.
- Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.
- Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers

#### UNIT - I

**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

Register Transfer Language and Micro operations: Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer,

Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro Operations, Logic Micro Operations, Shift Micro Operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

Basic Computer Organization and Design: Instruction Codes, Computer Registers Computer.

## UNIT - II

**Micro programmed Control:** Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Micro Program Example, Design of Control Unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.

## **UNIT - III**

**Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation. **Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic Unit, Decimal Arithmetic Operations.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous Data Transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access.

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary Memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

## UNIT - V

Reduced Instruction Set Computer: CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processor.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI.

- 1. Computer Organization Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, Safea Zaky, V<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
- 3. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition, PHI/Pearson.

#### 21CS315PC- COMPUTER NETWORKS

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives**

- The objective of the course is to equip the students with a general overview of the concepts and fundamentals of computer networks.
- Familiarize the students with the standard models for the layered approach to communication between machines in a network and the protocols of the various layers.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Gain the knowledge of the basic computer network technology.
- Gain the knowledge of the functions of each layer in the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.
- Obtain the skills of subletting and routing mechanisms.
- Familiarity with the essential protocols of computer networks, and how they can be applied in network design and implementation.

#### UNIT - I

Network hardware, Network software, OSI, TCP/IP Reference models, Example Networks: ARPANET, Internet. **Physical Layer:** Guided Transmission media: Twisted Pairs, Coaxial Cable, Fiber Optics, Wireless Transmission, the Public Switched Telephone Networks, Mobile Telephone Systems.

#### **UNIT-II**

Data link layer: Design issues, Framing, Error Detection and Correction.

**Elementary data link protocols:** Simplex Protocol, A Simplex Stop and Wait Protocol for an Error-Free Channel, A Simplex Stop and Wait Protocol for Noisy Channel.

**Sliding Window Protocols:** A One-Bit Sliding Window Protocol, A Protocol Using Go-Back-N, A Protocol Using Selective Repeat, Example Data Link Protocols.

**Medium Access sub layer:** The Channel Allocation Problem, Multiple Access Protocols: ALOHA, Carrier Sense Multiple Access Protocols, Ethernet, Collision Free Protocols. Wireless LANs, Data Link Layer Switching, Broad Band Wireless, Bluetooth.

#### UNIT - III

**Network Layer:** Design Issues, Routing Algorithms: Shortest Path Routing, Flooding, Hierarchical Routing, Broadcast, Multicast, Distance Vector Routing, Congestion Control Algorithms, Internetworking, The Network Layer In The Internet, Quality Of Service.

## UNIT - IV

**Transport Layer:** Transport Services, Elements of Transport Protocols, Connection Management, TCP and UDP Protocols.

#### UNIT - V

Application Layer – Domain Name System, SNMP, Electronic Mail; The World WEB, HTTP, SMTP, FTP.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

- 1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S. Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education
- 2. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TM

## 21CS313PC-OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LTPC

3003

## **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the object-oriented programming concepts.
- To understand object-oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- To introduce the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrate how they relate
- to the design of abstract classes
- To introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces
- To introduce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.
- To introduce the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swing controls.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to solve real world problems using OOP techniques.
- Able to understand the use of abstract classes.
- Able to solve problems using java collection framework and I/o classes.
- Able to develop multithreaded applications with synchronization.
- Able to develop applets for web applications.
- Able to design GUI based applications

#### Unit - I

Object-Oriented Thinking- Why Java? History Features Of Java, JVM and Its Architecture, Object-Oriented Concepts. Java Buzzwords, Data Types, Variables and Arrays, Operators, Expressions, Control Statements, Introducing Classes And Objects, String Handling Methods.

Inheritance—Inheritance Concept, Inheritance Basics, Types of Inheritance, Pros and Cons of Inheritance. Member Access, Constructors, Creating Multilevel Hierarchy, Super Keyword Uses, Using Final Keyword With Inheritance, Polymorphism, Method Overloading, Method Overriding, Abstract Classes, java.lang.Object Class.

#### Unit - II

Packages- Defining a Package, Classpath, Access Protection, Importing Packages.

Interfaces- Defining an Interface, Implementing Interfaces, Nested Interfaces, Applying Interfaces, Variables in Interfaces and Extending Interfaces.

Stream Based I/O (java.io) – The Stream Classes-Byte Streams and Character Streams, Reading Console Input and Writing Console Output, File Class, Reading and Writing Files, Random Access File Operations, The Console Class, Serialization, Enumerations, Boxing, Auto Boxing.

#### Unit - III

Exception Handling - Fundamentals of Exception Handling, Exception Types, Using Try And Catch, Multiple Catch Clauses, Nested Try Statements, throw, throws and finally, Built- In Exceptions, Creating Own Exceptions. Multithreading- Thread, Differences Between Thread-Based Multitasking and Process-Based Multitasking, Thread Life Cycle, Creating Threads, Thread Priorities, Synchronizing Threads, Inter Thread Communication.

#### Unit - IV

The Collections Framework (java.util)- Collections Overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes-Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set. Accessing A Collection Via An Iterator, Using An Iterator, The For-Each Alternative, Comparators, Arrays, Dictionary, Hash Table, Map Properties, Stack, Vector. More Utility Classes, String Tokenizer, Bit Set, Date, Calendar, Random, Formatter, Scanner

#### Unit - V

GUI Programming with Swing – Introduction, Limitations of AWT, MVC Architecture, Components, Containers. Exploring AWT Controls, Understanding Layout Managers, Flow Layout, Border Layout, Grid Layout, Card Layout, Grid Bag Layout.

Event Handling- The Delegation Event Model- Events, Event Sources, Event Listeners, Event Classes, Handling Mouse And Keyboard Events, Adapter Classes, Inner Classes, Anonymous Inner Classes.

A Simple Swing Application, Applets – Applets and HTML, Security Issues, Applets and Applications, Passing Parameters to Applets. Exploring Swing Controls- JLabel and Image Icon, JText Field, The Swing Buttons-JButton, JToggle Button, JCheck Box, JRadio Button, JTabbed Pane, JScrollPane, JList, JComboBox, Swing Menus, Dialogs.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java The complete reference, 9th edition, Herbert Schildt, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Understanding Object-Oriented Programming with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

- 1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J. Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & sons
- 2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 3. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, University Press.
- 4. Programming in Java, S. Malhotra, S. Chudhary, 2nd edition, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. Java Programming and Object-oriented Application Development, R. A. Johnson, Cengage Learning.

## **R21 Regulations**

## BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS304PC-DATA STRUCTURES LAB

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LTPC 0021

## **Course Objectives:**

- It covers various concepts of C programming language
- It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

<ul> <li>Course Outcomes:</li> <li>Ability to develop C programs for computing and real-life applications using basic elements like</li> <li>control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.</li> <li>Ability to Implement searching and sorting algorithms</li> </ul>
List of Experiments
<ol> <li>Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on Single Linked List.:</li> <li>i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal</li> </ol>
2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on Double Linked List.: i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on Circular Linked List.: i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
4. Write a program that implement Stack (its operations) using i) Arrays ii) Pointers
5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using i) Arrays ii) Pointers
6. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order  i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort iii) Insertion sort
7. Write programs to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:  i) Linear search  ii) Binary search
8. Write a program to implement the Tree Traversal Methods.
9. Write a program to implement the Graph Traversal Methods.
<b>TEXT BOOKS:</b> 1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press

- 2. Data Structures using C A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M. J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

## **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B. A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning

## 21CS316PC-COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

L T P C 0 0 2 1

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the working principle of various communication protocols.
- To understand the network simulator environment and visualize a network topology and
- observe its performance
- To analyze the traffic flow and the contents of protocol frames

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Implement data link layer farming methods
- Analyze error detection and error correction codes.
- Implement and analyze routing and congestion issues in network design.
- Implement Encoding and Decoding techniques used in presentation layer
- To be able to work with different network tools

## List of Experiments

- 1. Implement the data link layer farming methods such as character, character-stuffing and bit stuffing.
- 2. Write a program to compute CRC code for the polynomials CRC-12, CRC-16 and CRC CCIP
- 3. Develop a simple data link layer that performs the flow control using the sliding window protocol and loss recovery using the Go-Back-N mechanism.
- 4. Implement Dijsktra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network
- 5. Take an example subnet of hosts and obtain a broadcast tree for the subnet.
- 6. Implement distance vector routing algorithm for obtaining routing tables at each node.
- 7. Implement data encryption and data decryption
- 8. Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.
- 9. Write a program for frame sorting technique used in buffers.
- 10. Wireshark
- i. Packet Capture Using Wire shark
- ii. Starting Wire shark
- iii. Viewing Captured Traffic
- iv. Analysis and Statistics & Filters.
- 11. How to run Nmap scan
- 12. Operating System Detection using Nmap
- 13. Do the following using NS2 Simulator
- i. NS2 Simulator-Introduction
- ii. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped
- iii. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped by TCP/UDP
- iv. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped due to Congestion
- v. Simulate to Compare Data Rate& Throughput.
- vi. Simulate to Plot Congestion for Different Source/Destination
- vii. Simulate to Determine the Performance with respect to Transmission of Packets

#### 21CS314PC-OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

L T P C
0 0 2 1

## **Course Objectives:**

- To write programs using abstract classes.
- To write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- To write multithreaded programs.
- To write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform.
- To impart hands on experience with java programming.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- Able to write programs using abstract classes.
- Able to write multithreaded programs.
- Able to write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- 1. Use LINUX and My SQL for the Lab Experiments. Though not mandatory, encourage the use of Eclipse platform.
- 2. The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Write Java Programs on Method Overloading and Method Overriding
- 2. Write Java Programs on the Following
  - a. Single Level Inheritance
  - b. Multi-Level Inheritance
  - c. Hierarchical Inheritance
- 3. Write a Java Program on String Handling Functions.
- 4. Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle, and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.
- 5. Write a Java Program to Achieve Multiple Inheritance using Interface.
- 6. Write a Java Program to Create User-Defined Package and Importing the Package.
- 7. Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box.
- 8. Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,\*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero.
- 9. Write the Applet Programs on the following.
  - a) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.
  - b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named —Computel is clicked.

- 10. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
- 11. Write a Java program for the following: Create a doubly linked list of elements. Delete a given element from the above list. Display the contents of the list after deletion.
- 12. Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with —Stopl or —Readyl or —Gol should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
- 13. Write a Java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired (Use Adapter classes).
- 14. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.
- 15. Write a Java program to list all the files in a directory including the files present in all its subdirectories.
- 16. Write a Java program that implements Quick sort algorithm for sorting a list of names in ascending order
- 17. Write a Java program that implements Bubble sort algorithm for sorting in descending order and also shows the number of interchanges occurred for the given set of integers.

- 1. Java for Programmers, P. J. Deitel and H. M. Deitel, 10th Edition Pearson education.
- 2. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Programming, D. S. Malik and P. S. Nair, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Core Java, Volume 1, 9th edition, Cay S. Horstmann and G Cornell, Pearson

# **B.TECH. CSE (AI&ML)**

# **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS312PC-IT WORKSHOP LAB

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

- **Task 1:** Different generations of computers, computing environments, Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral.
- **Task 2:** Identification of the peripherals of a computer. To prepare a report containing the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and its functions. Description of various I/O Devices.
- Task 3: A practice on disassembling the components of a PC and assembling them to back to working condition
- **Task 4:** Identification of the various similarities and dissimilarities in the features of Windows and Linux Operating Systems.
- **Task 5:** Introduction to Memory and Storage Devices , I/O Port, Device Drivers, Assemblers, Compilers, Interpreters , Linkers, Loaders.
- **Task 6:** Hardware Troubleshooting (Demonstration): Identification of a problem and fixing a defective PC(improper assembly or defective peripherals).
- **Task 7:** Software Troubleshooting (Demonstration):. Identification of a problem and fixing the PC for any software issues Internet & Networking Infrastructure
- **Task 8:** Identification of various Networking Devices and Transmission Media highlighting their importance.
- **Task 9:** Configuring the network settings to connect to the Internet. Use various web browser settings. Creating Basic, Static Web Pages using HTML.
- **Task 10:** Use Word Processor Software Tool, Spread Sheet Software Tool, Presentation Tool, Data Storage Tool (All are from Libra Office suite)

# Task11: Use LaTeX and Word to create Project Certificates

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education solution limited by David Anfinsen.
- 2. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, Third Edition by David Anfinsen.
- 3. LaTeX Companion-Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.

#### 21MA308BS - APTITUDE AND CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS PRACTICE

B.Tech. II Year I Semester

LT P C 0 0 3 1.5

## **Course Objectives:**

- To categorize, apply and use thought process to distinguish between concepts of Quantitative methods.
- To prepare and explain the fundamentals related to various possibilities and probabilities related to quantitative aptitude.
- To critically evaluate numerous possibilities related to puzzles.

## **Course Outcomes:**

The student will be able to

- Use their logical thinking and analytical abilities to solve Quantitative aptitude questions from company specific and other competitive tests.
- Solve questions related to Time and distance and time and work etc. from company specific and other competitive tests.
- Understand and solve puzzle related questions from specific and other competitive tests

#### UNIT I

#### NUMERICAL ABILITY:

Simplification, BODMAS, Fractions, Decimals, Squares, Square Roots, Cubes, Cube Roots, Speed Maths, LCM & HCF

## **UNIT II**

Numerical computation: Applications based on Numbers, Chain Rule, Ratio Proportion

Numerical Reasoning: Problems related to Number series, Analogy of numbers, Classification of numbers, Letter series, Seating arrangements, Directions, blood relations and puzzle test.

### UNIT III

Numerical estimation – I, Applications Based on Time and work, Time and Distance

Combinatory: Counting techniques, Permutations, Combinations and Probability

Numerical estimation – II, Applications based on Percentages, Profit Loss and Discount, Simple interest and Compound Interest Partnerships.

# **UNIT IV**

Data interpretation: Data interpretation related to Averages, Mixtures and allegations, Bar charts, Pie charts, Venn diagrams, Application to industry in Geometry and Menstruation

## **UNIT V**

Critical Thinking: Alphabet Test, Coding-Decoding, Statement and Conclusion, Statement and Arguments, Statement and Assumption, Calendars, Clocks, Cubes and dice, Counting of figures.

## Books for practice

- 1. Quantitative aptitude by R S Agarwal, S Chand Publications
- 2. Verbal and non verbal Reasoning by RS Agarwal from S Chand publications

## References

- 1. Barron"s by Sharon Welner Green and IraK Wolf (Galgotia Publications pvt. Ltd.)
- 2. Quantitative Aptitude by U Mohan Rao Scitech publications
- 3. Quantitative Aptitude by Arun Sharma McGrawhill publications
- 4. Quantitative Aptitude by Ananta Asisha Arihant publications
- 5. Quantitative Aptitude by Abhijit Guha
- 6. Quantitative Aptitude by Pearson publications
- 7. Material from "IMS, Career Launcher and Time Institutes for Competitive exams.
- 8. Elementary and Higher Algebra by H. S. Hall an S. R. Knight

## 21MC302-GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T/P/D C 0 0/2/0 0

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality. This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

# **Objectives of the Course:**

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in
- contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and
- legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from
- research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to
- counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and
- economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as
- · equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide
- protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to
- gender violence.

# **UNIT - I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER**

Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men - Preparing for Womanhood. GrowingupMale.FirstlessonsinCaste.

#### UNIT - II: GENDER ROLES AND RELATIONS

Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender Roles-Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its Consequences-Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

#### UNIT - III: GENDER AND LABOUR

Division and Valuation of Labour-Housework: The Invisible Labor- —My Mother doesn't Work. I –Share the Load. I-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. - Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development-Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

## UNIT - IV: GENDER - BASED VIOLENCE

The Concept of Violence-Types of Gender-based Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No! -Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment-Further Reading: -*Chupulu*".

Domestic Violence: Speaking OutIs Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim--I Fought for my Life||

#### **UNIT – V: GENDER AND CULTURE**

Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature-Gender Development Issues-Gender Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Note: Since it is Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

- Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments. Apart from the above prescribed book, Teachers can make use of any authentic materials related to the topics given in the syllabus on "Gender".
- ESSENTIAL READING: The Textbook, –*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender*" *written* by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, DuggiralaVasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu published by Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government in 2015.

# ASSESSMENT AND GRADING:

- ✓ Discussion & Classroom Participation: 20%
- ✓ Project/Assignment: 30%
- ✓ End Term Exam: 50%

## **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE (UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS424PC-FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA THEORY

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- To provide introduction to some of the central ideas of theoretical computer science from the perspective of formal languages.
- To introduce the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
- Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.
- Employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- To understand deterministic and non-deterministic machines.
- To understand the differences between decidability and undesirability.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Able to understand the concept of abstract machines and their power to recognize the languages.
- Able to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
- Able to design context free grammars for formal languages.
- Able to distinguish between decidability and undesirability.
- Able to gain proficiency with mathematical tools and formal methods.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction to Finite Automata:** Structural Representations, Automata and Complexity, the Central Concepts of Automata Theory – Alphabets, Strings, Languages, Problems.

**Nondeterministic Finite Automata:** Formal Definition, an application, Text Search, Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions.

**Deterministic Finite Automata:** Definition of DFA, How A DFA Process Strings, The language of DFA, Conversion of NFA with €-transitions to NFA without €-transitions. Conversion of NFA to DFA, Moore and Melay machines

#### UNIT - II

**Regular Expressions:** Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Conversion of Finite Automata to Regular Expressions.

**Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages, Statement of the pumping lemma, Applications of the Pumping Lemma.** 

**Closure Properties of Regular Languages:** Closure properties of Regular languages, Decision Properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.

#### UNIT - III

**Context-Free Grammars:** Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, the Language of a Grammar, Sentential Forms, Parse Tress, Applications of Context-Free Grammars, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages.

**Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages:** Statement of pumping lemma, Applications Closure **Properties of Context-Free Languages:** Closure properties of CFL's, Decision Properties of CFL's

# UNIT - IV

**Push Down Automata:** Definition of the Pushdown Automaton, the Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, Acceptance by final state, Acceptance by empty stack, Deterministic Pushdown Automata. From CFG to PDA & PDA to CFG.

**Turing Machines:** Introduction to Turing Machine, Formal Description, Instantaneous description, the language of a Turing machine

#### UNIT - V

Types of Turing machine: Turing machines and halting.

**Undesirability:** Undesirability, A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That is RE, Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines, Recursive languages, Properties of recursive languages, Post's Correspondence Problem, Modified Post Correspondence problem, Other Undecidable Problems, Counter machines.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 3nd Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education.
- 2. Theory of Computer Science Automata languages and computation, Mishra and Chandrashekaran, 2nd edition, PHI.

- 1. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martin, TMH.
- 2. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
- 3. A Text book on Automata Theory, P. K. Srimani, Nasir S. F. B, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Michael Sipser, 3rd edition, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Introduction to Formal languages Automata Theory and Computation Kamala Krithivasan, Rama R, Pearson.

#### 21CS409PC-SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

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## **Course Objectives**

- The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

# **Course Outcomes**

- Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Software, Software Myths, A Generic view of process: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), Process Patterns, Process Assessment.

**Process models:** The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Software Requirements**: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

**Requirements engineering process:** Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

# UNIT - III

**Design Engineering:** Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model. Creating an architectural design, Software Architecture, Data design, Architectural styles and patterns, Architectural Design, **Conceptual model of UML:** basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

# **UNIT - IV**

**Testing Strategies:** A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, Metrics for testing.

#### UNIT - V

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

**Quality Management:** Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach-Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

- 1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley.
- 2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
- 3. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education

#### 21CS405PC-DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# .Course Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction
- Control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
- Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
- Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

#### UNIT - I

Database System Applications: A Historical Perspective, File Systems versus a DBMS, the Data Model, Levels of Abstraction in a DBMS, Data Independence, Architecture of DBMS, Classification of DBMS.

Introduction to Database Design: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes, Weak Entity sets and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design With the ER Model

#### UNIT - II

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views. Relational Algebra, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus.

#### IINIT - III

SQL: QUERIES, CONSTRAINTS, TRIGGERS: form of basic SQL query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, aggregation operators, NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases.

Schema Refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms,

BCNF, lossless join decomposition, multi-valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal Form, E.F.Codd rules.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Transaction Processing Concept:** Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability

**Concurrency Control Techniques:** Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions.

#### UNIT - V

**Indexing:** Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

Database Security & Authorization: Introduction to DB Security issues, Discretionary access control based on granting /recovery of privileges.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

- 1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, Pearson Education
- 3. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education
- 4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
- 5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.

#### 21SM401MS-BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

LT P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objective:**

- To learn the basic Business types, impact of the Economy on Business and Firms specifically.
- To analyze the Business from the Financial Perspective.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- The students will understand the various Forms of Business and the impact of economic variables on the Business.
- The Demand, Supply, Production, Cost, Market Structure, Pricing aspects are learnt.
- The Students can study the firm's financial position by analysing the Financial Statements of a Company

#### UNIT - I

#### **Introduction to Business and Economics:**

**Business**: Structure of Business Firm, Theory of Firm, Types of Business Entities, Limited Liability Companies, Sources of Capital for a Company, Non-Conventional Sources of Finance.

**Economics:** Significance of Economics, Micro and Macro Economic Concepts, Concepts and Importance of National Income, Inflation, Money Supply in Inflation, Business Cycle, Features and Phases of Business Cycle. Nature and Scope of Business Economics, Role of Business Economist, Multidisciplinary nature of Business Economics.

## UNIT - II

# **Demand and Supply Analysis:**

**Elasticity of Demand:** Elasticity, Types of Elasticity, Law of Demand, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand, Factors affecting Elasticity of Demand, Elasticity of Demand in decision making, Demand Forecasting: Characteristics of Good Demand Forecasting, Steps in Demand Forecasting, Methods of Demand Forecasting.

Supply Analysis: Determinants of Supply, Supply Function & Law of Supply.

## UNIT - III

# **Production, Cost, Market Structures & Pricing:**

**Production Analysis:** Factors of Production, Production Function, Production Function with one variable input, two variable inputs, Returns to Scale, Different Types of Production Functions.

Cost analysis: Types of Costs, Short run and Long run Cost Functions.

**Market Structures**: Nature of Competition, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly, Oligopoly, Monopolistic Competition.

Pricing: Types of Pricing, Product Life Cycle based Pricing, Break Even Analysis, Cost Volume Profit Analysis.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Financial Accounting:** Accounting concepts and Conventions, Accounting Equation, Double-Entry system of Accounting, Rules for maintaining Books of Accounts, Journal, Posting to Ledger, Preparation of Trial Balance, Elements of Financial Statements, Preparation of Final Accounts.

## UNIT - V

**Financial Analysis through Ratios:** Concept of Ratio Analysis, Liquidity Ratios, Turnover Ratios, Profitability Ratios, Proprietary Ratios, Solvency, Leverage Ratios (simple problems). Introduction to Fund Flow and Cash Flow Analysis (simple problems).

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. D.D. Chaturvedi, S.L. Gupta, Business Economics Theory and Applications, International BookHouse Pvt. Ltd. 2013.
- 2. Dhanesh K Khatri, Financial Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 3. Geethika Ghosh, Piyali Gosh, Purba Roy Choudhury, Managerial Economics, 2e, Tata McGraw HillEducation Pvt. Ltd. 2012.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Paresh Shah, Financial Accounting for Management 2e, Oxford Press, 2015.
- 2. S.N. Maheshwari, Sunil K Maheshwari, Sharad K Maheshwari, Financial Accounting, 5e, VikasPublications, 2013.

# **B.TECH.CSE** (AI&ML)

# **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS417PC-OPERATING SYSTEMS

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- Introduce operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection)
- Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
- Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computer and their respective roles in computing.
- Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
- Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

#### UNIT - I

Operating System - Introduction, Structures – OS **operations**, Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls, OS design implementations.

#### UNIT - II

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts, **Process, Process control blocks**, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling. System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec.

# **UNIT - III**

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Cache Memory, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms. Thrashing, dynamic memory allocation.

## UNIT - V

File System Interface and Operations -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management. Usage of open creates, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl system calls.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
- 2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R. Stevens, Pearson education.

- 1. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
- 2. Operating System A Design Approach- Crowley, TMH.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI
- 4. UNIX programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/ Pearson Education
- 5. UNIX Internals -The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

# **B.TECH.CSE** (AI&ML)

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS410PC-SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

LTPC 0021

# **Course Objectives:**

• To have hands on experience in developing a software project by using various software engineering principles and methods in each of the phases of software development.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements
- Ability to generate a high-level design of the system from the software requirements
- Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

# **List of Experiments**

Do the following 8 exercises for any two projects given in the list of sample projects or any other projects:

- 1. Development of problem statement.
- 2. Preparation of Software Requirement Specification Document, Design Documents and Testing Phase related documents.
- 3. Preparation of Software Configuration Management and Risk Management related documents.
- 4. Study and usage of any Design phase CASE tool
- 5. Performing the Design by using any Design phase CASE tools.
- 6. Develop test cases for unit testing and integration testing
- 7. Develop test cases for various white box and black box testing techniques.

# **Sample Projects:**

- 1. Passport automation System
- 2. Book Bank
- 3. Online Exam Registration
- 4. Stock Maintenance System
- 5. Online course reservation system
- 6. E-ticketing
- 7. Software Personnel Management System
- 8. Credit Card Processing
- 9. E-book management System.
- 10. Recruitment system

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education

**R21 Regulations** 

# **B.TECH.CSE** (AI&ML)

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS406PC-DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

LT P C 0 0 3 1.5

**R21 Regulations** 

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Introduce ER data model, database design and normalization
- Learn SQL basics for data definition and data manipulation

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Design database schema for a given application and apply normalization
- Acquire skills in using SQL commands for data definition and data manipulation.
- Develop solutions for database applications using procedures, cursors and triggers

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Concept design with E-R Model
- 2. Relational Model
- 3. Normalization
- 4. Practicing DDL commands
- 5. Practicing DML commands
- 6. Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
- 7. Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
- 8. Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger)
- 9. Procedures
- 10. Usage of Cursors

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition
- 2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw Hill, V edition.

- 1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, Pearson Education
- 3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J. Date, Pearson Education
- 4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S. Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
- 5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
- 6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition

#### **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS418PC-OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

# **Course Objectives:**

- To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management and memory management.
- Able to implement C programs using Unix system calls

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms
  - a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) priority
- 2. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system (open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)
- 3. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.
- 4. Write a C program to implement the Producer Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.
- 5. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms
  - a) Pipes b) FIFOs c) Message Queues d) Shared Memory
- 6. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniques
  - a) Paging b) Segmentation

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
- 2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

- 1. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
- 2. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI
- 4. UNIX Programming Environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/Pearson Education
- 5. UNIX Internals: The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education

#### **R21 Regulations**

# BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21HS401-SOCIAL INNOVATION IN PRACTICE

B.Tech. II Year II Semester

LT PC 0 0 3 1.5

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Understand social innovation concepts and approaches.
- 2. Understand the community problems, social and economical change.
- 3. Identify new and unaddressed social needs.
- **4.** Analysis of social innovation disclosures in different sectors.

Design innovative solutions with Social impact through application of new models of leadership, collective intelligence and creativity techniques.

## **UNIT-I**

## INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL INNOVATION

Core definitions, core elements and common features of social innovation, a topology of social innovations, history of social innovation, social and economic change, Swachh Bharat, Unnat Bharat Abhiyan, National Service Scheme (NSS).

#### **UNIT-II**

# INTERACTION AND ENGAGEMENT WITH SOCIETY

Engage with community, interact with them to understand the community problems, Understanding social and economical change individuals, organizations and movements.

#### **UNIT-III**

# PROCESS OF SOCIAL INNOVATION

Understanding the pain/need, description and problem definition, social and economic constraints for affordable and appropriate technology.

#### **UNIT-IV**

# SOCIAL INNOVATION ACROSS FOUR SECTORS IN INDIA AND GLOBAL SCENARIO

The four sectors the non-profit sector, public sector, the private sector, the informal sector, links between and cross sectors

#### **UNIT-V**

#### SOCIAL INNOVATION CASE STUDIES

Designing and implementing social innovations, report writing and documentation, presentation of the case studies with a focus on impact and vision on society.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. The Power of Social Innovation: How Civic Entrepreneurs Ignite Community Networks for Good 1st Edition by Stephen Goldsmith, Michael R. Bloomberg, Gigi Georges, Tim Glynn Burke.
- 2. The Open Book of Social Innovation: Ways to Design, Develop and Grow Social Innovation Paperback March, 2010 by Robin Murray, Julia Caulier-Grice, Geoff Mulgan.

- 1. Social innovator series: ways to design, develop and grow social innovation, the open book of social innovation by robin murray julie caulier-grice geoff mulgan.
- 2. The International Handbook on Social Innovation: Collective Action, Social Learning and Transdisciplinary Research Paperback by Frank Moulaert, Diana MacCallum. Guide to Social Innovation by Johannes HAHN and Laszlo ANDOR.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21MC403-CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

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The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India cannot make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368, however, it cannot use this power to change the

—basic structure of the constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of —Constitutionalism — a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of —liberalism — an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideology and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted into progressive legal reforms in the form of

-constitutionalism in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including United Kingdom and America.

The Constitution of India is not only a legal document but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India's legacy of —diversity. It has been said that Indian constitutionreflects ideals of its freedom movement; however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be –static and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played anhistoric role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it—as one of the strongest court in the world.

## **Course content**

- 1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism
- 2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India
- 3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India
- 4. Scheme of the fundamental rights
- 5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status
- 6. The Directive Principles of State Policy Its importance and implementation
- 7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States
- 8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India The constitution powers and status of the President of India
- 9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure
- 10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India
- 11. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency
- 12. Local Self Government Constitutional Scheme in India
- 13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality
- 14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19
- 15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS531PC-DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
3 0 0 3

## Course Objectives:

- Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms.
- Introduces the data structure disjoint sets.
- Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic programming, greedy, branch andbound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate
- Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average and best case analysis.
- Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the problems that are P, NP and NPcomplete.

#### Course Outcomes:

- Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms
- Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application
- Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods impact the performance of programs

## UNIT I:

**Introduction:** Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis.

**Divide and conquer:** General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Stassen's matrix multiplication.

## **UNIT II:**

**Disjoint Sets:** Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms.

Backtracking: General method, applications, n-queen's problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring.

#### UNIT - III

**Dynamic Programming:** General method, applications- Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Traveling sales person problem, Reliability design.

# UNIT - IV

**Greedy method:** General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, Minimum costspanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

#### **UNIT V:**

**Branch and Bound:** General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem,0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

**NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems:** Basic concepts, non deterministic algorithms, NP -Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahniand Rajasekharam, Galgotia publications pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Foundations of Algorithm, 4th edition, R. Neapolitan and K. Naimipour, Jones andBartlett Learning.
- 3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, P. H. Dave, H. B. Dave, Pearson Education, 2008.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Computer Algorithms, Introduction to Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition, Sara Baase, Allen, Van, Gelder, Pearson Education.
- 2. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet examples, M. T. Goodrich and R. Tomassia, John Wiley and sons.
- 3. Fundamentals of Sequential and Parallel Algorithm, K. A. Berman and J. L. Paul, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Introducation to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, A. Levitin, PearsonEducation.
- 5. Introducation to Algorithms, 3rd Edition, T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Design and Analysis of algorithm, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson Education, 2004.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS533PC: MACHINE LEARNING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
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# **Course Objectives**

- This course explains machine learning techniques such as decision tree learning, Bayesianlearning etc.
- To understand computational learning theory.
- To study the pattern comparison techniques.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Understand the concepts of computational intelligence like machine learning
- Ability to get the skill to apply machine learning techniques to address the real time problems in different areas
- Understand the Neural Networks and its usage in machine learning application.

## UNIT - I

Introduction - Well-posed learning problems, designing a learning system, Perspectives and issues in machine learning Concept learning and the general to specific ordering – introduction, a concept learning task, concept learning as search, find-S: finding a maximally specific hypothesis, version spaces and the candidate elimination algorithm, remarks on version spaces and candidate elimination, inductive bias.

**Decision Tree Learning** – Introduction, decision tree representation, appropriate problems for decision tree learning, the basic decision tree learning algorithm, hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, inductive bias in decision tree learning, issues in decision tree learning.

# **UNIT-II**

**Artificial Neural Networks-1**– Introduction, neural network representation, appropriate problems for neural network learning, perceptions, multilayer networks and the back-propagation algorithm.

**Artificial Neural Networks-2-** Remarks on the Back-Propagation algorithm, An illustrative example: face recognition, advanced topics in artificial neural networks.

**Evaluation Hypotheses** – Motivation, estimation hypothesis accuracy, basics of sampling theory, a general approach for deriving confidence intervals, difference in error of two hypotheses, comparing learning algorithms.

## **UNIT - III**

**Bayesian learning** – Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, Maximum Likelihood and least squared error hypotheses, maximum likelihood hypotheses for predicting probabilities, minimum description length principle, Bayes optimal classifier, Gibs algorithm, Naïve Bayes classifier, an example: learning to classify text, Bayesian belief networks, the EM algorithm.

**Computational learning theory** – Introduction, probably learning an approximately correct hypothesis, sample complexity for finite hypothesis space, sample complexity for infinite hypothesis spaces, the mistake bound model of learning.

**Instance-Based Learning-** Introduction, k-nearest neighbour algorithm, locally weighted regression, radial basis functions, case-based reasoning, remarks on lazy and eager learning.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Genetic Algorithms** – Motivation, Genetic algorithms, an illustrative example, hypothesis space search, genetic programming, models of evolution and learning, parallelizing genetic algorithms.

**Learning Sets of Rules** – Introduction, sequential covering algorithms, learning rule sets: summary, learning First-Order rules, learning sets of First-Order rules: FOIL, Induction as inverted deduction, inverting resolution. **Reinforcement Learning** – Introduction, the learning task, *Q*–learning, non-deterministic, rewards and actions, temporal difference learning, generalizing from examples, relationship to dynamic programming.

## UNIT - V

**Analytical Learning-1**- Introduction, learning with perfect domain theories: PROLOG-EBG, remarks on explanation-based learning, explanation-based learning of search control knowledge.

**Analytical Learning-2-**Using prior knowledge to alter the search objective, using prior knowledge to augment search operators.

**Combining Inductive and Analytical Learning** – Motivation, inductive-analytical approaches to learning, using prior knowledge to initialize the hypothesis.

# **TEXT BOOK**

1. Machine Learning – Tom M. Mitchell, - MGH

# REFERENCE BOOK

2. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS520PC: PYTHON PROGRAMMING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Learn Syntax and Semantics and Create Functions in Python.
- Handle Strings and Files in Python.
- Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular Expressions in Python.
- Implement Object Oriented Programming Concepts in Python.
- Build Web Services and Introduction to Network and Database Programming in Python.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Examine Python Syntax and Semantics and be Fluent in the Use of Python Flow Control and Functions.
- Demonstrate Proficiency in Handling Strings and File Systems.
- Create, Run and Manipulate Python Programs Using Core Data Structures like Lists, Dictionaries and Use Regular Expressions.
- Interpret the Concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as Used in Python.
- Implement Exemplary Applications Related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.

#### UNIT - I

Python Basics, Objects- Python Objects, Standard Types, Other Built-in Types, Internal Types, Standard Type Operators, Standard Type Built-in Functions, Categorizing the Standard Types, Unsupported Types Numbers - Introduction to Numbers, Integers, Floating Point Real Numbers, Complex Numbers, Operators, Built-in Functions, Related Modules Sequences - Strings, Lists, and Tuples, Mapping and Set Types

#### **UNIT - II**

**FILES:** File Objects, File Built-in Function [open()], File Built-in Methods, File Built-in Attributes, StandardFiles, File System, File Execution.

**Exceptions:** Exceptions in Python, Detecting and Handling Exceptions, Exceptions as Strings,

RaisingExceptions, Assertions, Standard Exceptions, \*Creating Exceptions, Functions.

Types of Arguments. Why Exceptions (Now)? Why Exceptions at All? Exceptions and the sys Module, RelatedModules.

Modules: Built-in Functions, User Defined Functions, Packages, Other Features of Modules

## **UNIT - III**

**Regular Expressions:** Introduction, Special Symbols and Characters, Res and Python **Multithreaded Programming:** Introduction, Threads and Processes, Python, Threads, and the Global InterpreterLock, Thread Module, Threading Module, Related Modules

#### UNIT - IV

**GUI Programming:** Introduction, Tkinter and Python Programming, Brief Tour of Other GUIs, Related Modulesand Other GUIs

**WEB Programming:** Introduction, Wed Surfing with Python, Creating Simple Web Clients, Advanced WebClients, CGI-Helping Servers Process Client Data, Building CGI Application, Web (HTTP) Servers.

#### UNIT - V

**Database Programming:** Introduction, Advantages of DBMS, Types of Databases: MySQL Database, Working with MySQL Database, Python Database Application Programmer's Interface (DB-API), Using MySQL from Python.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Core Python Programming, Wesley J. Chun, Second Edition, Pearson.

- 1. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
- 2. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage
- 3. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
- 4. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, O'Really
- 5. Core Python Programming, R. Nageshwar Rao, Dreamtech Press, Third Edition

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS535PC: COMPILER DESIGN

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives**

- Introduce the major concepts of language translation and compiler design and impart the knowledge of practical skills necessary for constructing a compiler.
- Topics include phases of compiler, parsing, syntax directed translation, type checking use of symbol tables, code optimization techniques, intermediate code generation, code generation and data flow analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Demonstrate the ability to design a compiler given a set of language features.
- Demonstrate the the knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
- Acquire skills in using lex tool & yacc tool for devleoping a scanner and parser.
- Design and implement LL and LR parsers
- Design algorithms to do code optimization in order to improve the performance of a program interms of space and time complexity.
- Design algorithms to generate machine code.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** The structure of a compiler, the science of building a compiler, programming language basics **Lexical Analysis:** The Role of the Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Recognition of Tokens, The Lexical-Analyzer Generator Lex, Finite Automata, From Regular Expressions to Automata, Design of a Lexical-Analyzer Generator, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Syntax Analysis:** Introduction, Context-Free Grammars, Writing a Grammar, Top-Down Parsing, Bottom-Up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, More Powerful LR Parsers, Using Ambiguous Grammars and Parser Generators.

# **UNIT - III**

**Syntax-Directed Translation:** Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's, Applications of Syntax-Directed Translation, Syntax-Directed Translation Schemes, Implementing L-Attributed SDD's.

**Intermediate-Code Generation:** Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code, Types and Declarations, Type Checking, Control Flow, Switch-Statements, Intermediate Code for Procedures.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Run-Time Environments:** Stack Allocation of Space, Access to Nonlocal Data on the Stack, Heap Management, Introduction to Garbage Collection, Introduction to Trace-Based Collection.

**Code Generation:** Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The Target Language, Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, A Simple Code Generator, Peephole Optimization, Register Allocation and Assignment, Dynamic Programming Code-Generation.

## UNIT - V

**Machine-Independent Optimization:** The Principal Sources of Optimization, Introduction to Data-Flow Analysis, Foundations of Data-Flow Analysis, Constant Propagation, Partial-Redundancy Elimination, Loops in Flow Graphs.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffry D. Ullman.

- 1. Lex & Yacc John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
- 2. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS592PE: GRAPH THEROY (Professional Elective-I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
3 0 0 3

**Pre-requisites:** An understanding of Mathematics in general is sufficient.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Know some important classes of graph theoretic problems;
- Be able to formulate and prove central theorems about trees, matching, connectivity, colouring and planar graphs;
- Be able to describe and apply some basic algorithms for graphs;
- Be able to use graph theory as a modelling tool.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction-**Discovery of graphs, Definitions, Subgraphs, Isomorphic graphs, Matrix representations of graphs, Degree of a vertex, Directed walks, paths and cycles, Connectivity in digraphs, Eulerian and Hamilton digraphs, Eulerian digraphs, Hamilton digraphs, Special graphs, Complements, Larger graphs from smaller graphs, Union, Sum, Cartesian Product, Composition, Graphic sequences, Graph theoretic model of the LAN problem, Havel-Hakimi criterion, Realization of a graphic sequence.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Connected graphs and shortest paths** - Walks, trails, paths, cycles, Connected graphs, Distance, Cut-vertices and cut-edges, Blocks, Connectivity, Weighted graphs and shortest paths, Weighted graphs, Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm, Floyd-Warshall shortest path algorithm.

## **UNIT - III**

**Trees**- Definitions and characterizations, Number of trees, Cayley"s formula, Kircho<sup>2</sup>-matrix-tree theorem, Minimum spanning trees, Kruskal"s algorithm, Prim"s algorithm, Special classes of graphs, Bipartite Graphs, Line Graphs, Chordal Graphs, Eulerian Graphs, Fleury"s algorithm, Chinese Postman problem, Hamilton Graphs, Introduction, Necessary conditions and sufficient conditions.

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Independent sets coverings and matchings** – Introduction, Independent sets and coverings: basic equations, Matchings in bipartite graphs, Hall"s Theorem, K"onig"s Theorem, Perfect matchings in graphs, Greedy and approximation algorithms.

# UNIT - V

**Vertex Colorings**- Basic definitions, Cliques and chromatic number, Mycielski"s theorem, Greedy coloring algorithm, Coloring of chordal graphs, Brooks theorem, Edge Colorings, Introduction and Basics, Gupta-Vizing theorem, Class-1 and Class-2 graphs, Edge-coloring of bipartite graphs, Class-2 graphs, Hajos union and Class-2 graphs, A scheduling problem and equitable edge-coloring.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. J. A. Bondy and U. S. R. Murty. Graph Theory, volume 244 of Graduate Texts in Mathematics. Springer, 1st edition, 2008.
- 2. J. A. Bondy and U. S. R. Murty. Graph Theory with Applications.

- Lecture Videos: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106050/13.
   Introduction to Graph Theory, Douglas B. West, Pearson.
- 3. Schaum's Outlines Graph Theory, Balakrishnan, TMH.
- 4. Introduction to Graph Theory, Wilson Robin j, PHI.
- 5. Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Narsing Deo, PHI.
- 6. Graphs An Introductory Approach, Wilson and Watkins.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS594PE: WEB PROGRAMMING (Professional Elective-I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:** The student should be able to:

- Understand the technologies used in Web Programming.
- Know the importance of object-oriented aspects of Scripting.
- Understand creating database connectivity using JDBC.
- Learn the concepts of web-based application using sockets.

# Course Outcomes: Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Design web pages.
- Use technologies of Web Programming.
- Apply object-oriented aspects to Scripting.
- Create databases with connectivity using JDBC.
- Build web-based application using sockets.

## UNIT - I

**SCRIPTING**: Web page Designing using HTML, Scripting basics- Client side and server side scripting. Java Script-Object, names, literals, operators and expressions- statements and features- events - windows - documents - frames - data types - built-in functions- Browser object model - Verifying forms.-HTML 5- CSS3- HTML 5 canvas - Web site creation using tools.

## UNIT - II

**JAVA:** Introduction to object-oriented programming-Features of Java – Data types, variables and arrays –Operators – Control statements – Classes and Methods – Inheritance. Packages and Interfaces – Exception Handling – Multithreaded Programming – Input/ Output – Files – Utility Classes – String Handling.

## UNIT - III

**JDBC:** JDBC Overview – JDBC implementation – Connection class – Statements - Catching Database Results, handling database Queries. Networking– Inet Address class – URL class- TCP sockets – UDP sockets, Java Beans – RMI.

#### UNIT - IV

**APPLETS:** Java applets- Life cycle of an applet – Adding images to an applet – Adding sound to an applet. Passing parameters to an applet. Event Handling. Introducing AWT: Working with Windows Graphics and Text. Using AWT Controls, Layout Managers and Menus. Servlet – life cycle of a servlet. The Servlet API, Handling HTTP Request and Response, using Cookies, Session Tracking. Introduction to JSP.

## UNIT – V

**XML AND WEB SERVICES:** Xml – Introduction-Form Navigation-XML Documents- XSL – XSLT-Webservices-UDDI-WSDL-Java web services – Web resources.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Harvey Deitel, Abbey Deitel, Internet and World Wide Web: How To Program 5th Edition.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- 3. Michael Morrison XML Unleashed Tech media SAMS.

- 1. John Pollock, Javascript A Beginners Guide, 3rd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- 2. Keyur Shah, Gateway to Java Programmer Sun Certification, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS595PC- IMAGE PROCESSING (Professional Elective-I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

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# **Course Objectives**

- Provide a theoretical and mathematical foundation of fundamental Digital Image Processing concepts.
- The topics include image acquisition; sampling and quantization; preprocessing; enhancement; restoration; segmentation; and compression.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisition, sampling, and quantization.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of filtering techniques.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of 2D transformation techniques.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of image enhancement, segmentation, restoration and compression techniques.

#### UNIT - I

**Digital Image Fundamentals:** Digital Image through Scanner, Digital Camera. Concept of Gray Levels. Gray Level to Binary Image Conversion. Sampling and Quantization. Relationship between Pixels. Imaging Geometry. 2D Transformations-DFT, DCT, KLT and SVD.

## **UNIT-II**

Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Spatial Filtering, Enhancement in Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening.

# **UNIT - III**

Image Restoration Degradation Model, Algebraic Approach to Restoration, Inverse Filtering, LeastMean Square Filters, Constrained Least Squares Restoration, Interactive Restoration.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Image Segmentation Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region Oriented Segmentation.

## UNIT - V

Image Compression Redundancies and their Removal Methods, Fidelity Criteria, Image CompressionModels, Source Encoder and Decoder, Error Free Compression, Lossy Compression.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Digital Image Processing: R.C. Gonzalez & R. E. Woods, Addison Wesley/ Pearson Education,2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 2004.

- 1. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: A. K. Jain, PHI.
- 2. Digital Image Processing using MAT LAB: Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L.Eddins: Pearson Education India, 2004.
- 3. Digital Image Processing: William K. Pratt, John Wilely, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS596PC- COMPUTER GRAPHICS (Professional Elective-I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- The aim of this course is to provide an introduction of fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
- Topics covered include graphics systems and input devices; geometric representations and 2D/3D transformations; viewing and projections; illumination and color models; animation; rendering and implementation; visible surface detection;

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
- Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
- Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

#### **UNIT-I**

**Introduction:** Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

**Output primitives**: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms (Bresenham's and DDA Algorithm), mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms

Polygon Filling: Scan-line algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

**UNIT – II :** 2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems

**2-D viewing**: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland algorithms, Sutherland –Hodgemanpolygon clipping algorithm.

**UNIT – III :** 3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

**UNIT – IV :**3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations. Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

**UNIT – V :** Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, rasteranimation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, BSP-treemethods and area subdivision methods

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Computer Graphics C version", Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
- 2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, Van Dam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.
- 3. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

- 1. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
- 3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS597PE: CYBER FORENSICS (Professional Elective-I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To provide digital evidences which are obtained from digital media.
- In order to understand the objectives of computer forensics, first of all, people have to recognize the different roles computer plays in a certain crime.
- According to a snippet from the United States Security Service, the functions computer has in different kinds of crimes.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Students will understand the usage of computers in forensic, and how to use various forensic tools for a wide variety of investigations.
- It gives an opportunity to students to continue their zeal in research in computer forensics

## UNIT - I

Introduction of Cybercrime: Types, The Internet spawns crime, Worms versus viruses, Computers' roles in crimes, Introduction to digital forensics, Introduction to Incident - Incident Response Methodology – Steps - Activities in Initial Response, Phase after detection of an incident

## **UNIT - II**

Initial Response and forensic duplication, Initial Response & Volatile Data Collection from Windows system -Initial Response & Volatile Data Collection from Unix system - Forensic Duplication: Forensic duplication: Forensic Duplicates as Admissible Evidence, Forensic Duplication Tool Requirements, Creating a Forensic. Duplicate/Qualified Forensic Duplicate of a Hard Drive

## **UNIT - III**

**Forensics analysis and validation**: Determining what data to collect and analyze, validating forensic data, addressing data-hiding techniques, performing remote acquisitions

**Network Forensics:** Network forensics overview, performing live acquisitions, developing standard procedures for network forensics, using network tools, examining the honeynet project.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Current Forensic tools:** evaluating computer forensic tool needs, computer forensics software tools, computer forensics hardware tools, validating and testing forensics software E-Mail Investigations: Exploring the role of e-mail in investigation, exploring the roles of the client and server in e-mail, investigating e-mail crimes and violations, understanding e-mail servers, using specialized e-mail forensic tools.

**Cell phone and mobile device forensics**: Understanding mobile device forensics, understanding acquisition procedures for cell phones and mobile devices.

#### UNIT - V

**Working with Windows and DOS Systems**: understanding file systems, exploring Microsoft File Structures, Examining NTFS disks, Understanding whole disk encryption, windows registry, Microsoft startup tasks, MS-DOS startup tasks, virtual machines.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Incident Response and computer forensics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 2. Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation by John R. Vacca, Firewall Media, Delhi.
- 3. Computer Forensics and Investigations by Nelson, Phillips Enfinger, Steuart, cengage Learning

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Real Digital Forensics by Keith J. Jones, Richard Bejtiich, Curtis W. Rose, Addison-Wesley Pearson Education

Forensic Compiling, A Tractitioneris Guide by Tony Sammes and Brian Jenkinson, Springer

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS532PC: DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM LAB

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

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# Course Objectives:

- To write programs in java to solve problems using divide and conquer strategy.
- To write programs in java to solve problems using backtracking strategy.
- To write programs in java to solve problems using greedy and dynamic programming techniques.

## Course Outcomes:

• Ability to write programs in java to solve problems using algorithm design techniques such as Divide and Conquer, Greedy, Dynamic programming, and Backtracking.

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Write a java program to implement Quick sort algorithm for sorting a list of integers in ascending order
- 2. Write a java program to implement Merge sort algorithm for sorting a list of integers in ascending order.
- 3. Write a java program to implement the dfs algorithm for a graph.
- 4. Write a. java program to implement the bfs algorithm for a graph.
- 5. Write a java programs to implement backtracking algorithm for the N-queens problem.
- 6. Write a java program to implement the backtracking algorithm for the sum of subsets problem.
- 7. Write a java program to implement the backtracking algorithm for the Hamiltonian Circuits problem.
- 8. Write a java program to implement greedy algorithm for job sequencing with deadlines.
- 9. Write a java program to implement Dijkstra's algorithm for the Single source shortest path problem.
- 10. Write a java program that implements Prim's algorithm to generate minimum cost spanning tree.
- 11. Write a java program that implements Kruskal's algorithm to generate minimum cost spanning tree
- 12. Write a java program to implement Floyd's algorithm for the all pairs shortest path problem.
- 13. Write a java program to implement Dynamic Programming algorithm for the 0/1 Knapsack problem.
- 14. Write a java program to implement Dynamic Programming algorithm for the Optimal Binary Search Tree Problem.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharan, University Press.

- 1. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T. H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C.Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
- 3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tamassia, John Wiley and sons.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS534PC: MACHINE LEARNING LAB

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
0 0 3 1.5

**Course Objective**: The objective of this lab is to get an overview of the various machine learning techniques and can able to demonstrate those using python.

**Course Outcomes:** After the completion of the course the student can able to:

- understand complexity of Machine Learning algorithms and their limitations;
- understand modern notions in data analysis-oriented computing;
- be capable of confidently applying common Machine Learning algorithms in practice and implementing their own;
- Be capable of performing experiments in Machine Learning using real-world data.

## **List of Experiments**

- 1. The probability that it is Friday and that a student is absent is 3 %. Since there are 5 school days in a week, the probability that it is Friday is 20 %. What is the probability that a student is absent given that today is Friday? Apply Baye's rule in python to get the result. (Ans: 15%)
- 2. Extract the data from database using python
- 3. Implement k-nearest neighbours classification using python
- 4. Given the following data, which specify classifications for nine combinations of VAR1 and VAR2 predict a classification for a case where VAR1=0.906 and VAR2=0.606, using the result of k- means clustering with 3 means (i.e., 3 centroids)

VAR1	VAR2	CLASS
1.713	1.586	0
0.180	1.786	1
0.353	1.240	1
0.940	1.566	0
1.486	0.759	1
1.266	1.106	0
1.540	0.419	1
0.459	1.799	1
0.773	0.186	1

5. The following training examples map descriptions of individuals onto high, medium and lowcreditworthiness.

```
medium skiing design
                          single twenties no -> highRisk
      golf trading married forties yes -> lowRisk
high
      speedway transport married thirties yes -> medRisk
medium football banking single thirties yes -> lowRisk high
      flying media
                       married fifties yes -> highRisk
low
      football security single twenties no -> medRisk medium
golf
             media
                          single thirties yes -> medRisk
medium golf
                        transport married forties yes ->
lowRisk high skiing banking
                                          single thirties yes -
> highRisk low golf
                       unemployed married forties yes ->
highRisk
```

Input attributes are (from left to right) income, recreation, job, status, age-group, home-owner. Find the unconditional probability of `golf' and the conditional probability of `single' given `medRisk' in the dataset?

- 6. Implement linear regression using python.
- 7. Implement Naïve Bayes theorem to classify the English text
- 8. Implement an algorithm to demonstrate the significance of genetic algorithm
- 9. Implement the finite words classification system using Back-propagation algorithm

# **TEXT BOOK**

1. Machine Learning – Tom M. Mitchell, - MGH

# REFERENCE BOOK

1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS321PC-PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 0 0 2 1

## **Course Objectives**

- To be able to introduce core programming basics and program design with functions using Pythonprogramming language.
- To understand a range of Object-Oriented Programming, as well as in-depth data and information processing techniques.
- To understand the high-performance programs designed to strengthen the practical expertise.

#### **Course Outcome**

- Student should be able to understand the basic concepts scripting and the contributions of scriptinglanguage
- Ability to explore python especially the object-oriented concepts, and the built in objects of Python.
- Ability to create practical and contemporary applications such as TCP/IP network programming, Webapplications, discrete event simulations

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Write a Program to Demonstrate Different Number Data Types In Python.
- 2. Write a Program to Perform Different Arithmetic Operations On Numbers In Python.
- 3. Write a Program to Create, Concatenate and Print a String and Accessing Sub-String from a Given String.
- 4. Write a Python Script to Print the Current Date in the Following Format —Sun May 29 02:26:23IST 2017
- 5. Write a Program to Create, Append, And Remove Lists in Python.
- 6. Write a Program to Demonstrate Working With Tuples in Python.
- 7. Write a Program to Demonstrate Working With Dictionaries in Python.
- 8. Write a Python Program to Find Largest of Three Numbers.
- 9. Write a Python Program to Convert Temperatures to and From Celsius, Fahrenheit.[Formula : C/5 = F-32/9 ].
- 10. Write a Python Program to Construct the Following Pattern, Using a Nested For Loop.

- 11. Write a Python Script that Prints Prime Numbers Less Than 20.
- 12. Write a Python Program to Find Factorial of a Number Using Recursion.
- 13. Write a Program that Accepts the Lengths of Three Sides of a Triangle as Inputs. The Program Output Should Indicate Whether or Not the Triangle Is a Right Triangle (Recall from the Pythagorean Theorem that in a Right Triangle, the Square of One Side Equals the Sum of the Squares of the Other Two Sides).
- 14. Write a Python Program to Define a Module to Find Fibonacci Numbers and Import the Module to another Program.
- 15. Write a Python Program to Define a Module and Import a Specific Function in that Module to another Program.
- 16. Write a Script Named Copyfile.Py. This Script Should Prompt the User for the Names of Two Text Files.The Contents of The First File Should be Input and Written to the Second File.
- 17. Write a Program that Inputs a Text File. The Program Should Print all of the Unique Words in the File in Alphabetical Order.
- 18. Write a Python Class to Convert an Integer to a Roman Numeral.
- 19. Write a Python Class to Implement Pow(x, n).
- 20. Write a Python Class to Reverse a String Word by Word.

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#### 21CS536PC: COMPILER DESIGN LAB

# B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 0 0 2 1

#### Course Objectives:

- To understand the various phases in the design of a compiler.
- To understand the design of top-down and bottom-up parsers.
- To understand syntax directed translation schemes.
- To introduce lex and yacc tools.

#### Course Outcomes:

- Ability to design, develop, and implement a compiler for any language.
- Able to use lex and yacc tools for developing a scanner and a parser.
- Able to design and implement LL and LR parsers.

#### **List of Experiments**

- 1. Write a LEX Program to scan reserved word & Identifiers of C Language
- 2. Implement Predictive Parsing algorithm
- 3. Write a C program to generate three address code.
- 4. Implement SLR(1) Parsing algorithm
- 5. Design LALR bottom up parser for the given language

```
cprogram> ::= <block>
<br/><block> ::= { <variabledefinition><slist> }
| { <slist> }
<variabledefinition> ::= int <vardeflist> ;
<vardeflist> ::= <vardec> | <vardec> , <vardeflist>
<vardec> ::= <identifier> | <identifier> [ <constant> ]
<slist> ::= <statement> | <statement> ; <slist>
<statement> ::= <assignment> | <ifstatement> | <whilestatement>
| <block> | <printstatement> | <empty>
<assignment> ::= <identifier> = <expression>
| <identifier> [ <expression> ] = <expression>
<ifstatement> ::= if <bexpression> then <slist> else <slist> endif
| if <bexpression> then <slist> endif
<whilestatement> ::= while <bexpression> do <slist> enddo
<printstatement> ::= print ( <expression> )
<expression> ::= <expression><addingop><term> | <term> | <addingop><term>
<bexpression> ::= <expression><relop><expression>
<relop> ::= < | <= | == | >= | > | !=
<addingop> ::= + | -
<term> ::= <term><multop><factor> | <factor>
<multop> ::= * | /
<factor> ::= <constant> | <identifier> | <identifier> [ <expression>]
( <expression>)
<constant> ::= <digit> | <digit><constant>
<identifier> ::= <identifier><letterordigit> | <letter>
<letterordigit> ::= <letter> | <digit>
<letter> ::= a|b|c|d|e|f|g|h|i|j|k|l|m|n|o|p|q|r|s|t|u|v|w|x|y|z
<digit> ::= 0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9
<empty> has the obvious meaning
Comments (zero or more characters enclosed between the standard C/Java-style comment brackets
/*...*/) can be inserted. The language has rudimentary support for 1-dimensional arrays. The
declaration int a[3] declares an array of three elements, referenced as a[0], a[1] and a[2]. Note
also that you should worry about the scoping of names.
A simple program written in this language is:
{ int a[3],t1,t2;
t1=2;
a[0]=1; a[1]=2; a[t1]=3;
t2=-(a[2]+t1*6)/(a[2]-t1);
if t2>5 then
print(t2);
else {
int t3:
t3=99;
```

```
t2=-25;
print(-t1+t2*t3); /* this is a comment
on 2 lines */
}
endif
}
```

## **TEXT BOOK**

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffry D. Ullman.

- 1. Lex & Yacc John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
- 2. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21MC504: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C
3 0 0 0

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Intellectual property: Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

#### UNIT - II

Trade Marks: Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

#### UNIT - III

Law of copy rights: Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law. Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

#### UNIT - IV

Trade Secrets: Trade secrete law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation. Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

#### UNIT - V

New development of intellectual property: new developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits. International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

## **TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
- 2. Intellectual property right Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd

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### 21MC506: CYBER SECURITY

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 0

# Prerequisites: NIL Course objectives:

- To familiarize various types of cyber-attacks and cyber-crimes
- To give an overview of the cyber laws
- To study the defensive techniques against these attacks

**Course Outcomes:** The students will be able to understand cyber-attacks, types of cybercrimes, cyber laws and also how to protect them self and ultimately the entire Internet community from such attacks.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Cyber Security: Basic Cyber Security Concepts, layers of security, Vulnerability, threat, Harmful acts, Internet Governance – Challenges and Constraints, Computer Criminals, CIA Triad, Assets and Threat, motive of attackers, active attacks, passive attacks, Software attacks, hardware attacks, Spectrum of attacks, Taxonomy of various attacks, IP spoofing, Methods of defense, Security Models, risk management, Cyber Threats-Cyber Warfare, Cyber Crime, Cyber terrorism, Cyber Espionage, etc., Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy.

#### UNIT - II

Cyberspace and the Law & Cyber Forensics: Introduction, Cyber Security Regulations, Roles of International Law. The INDIAN Cyberspace, National Cyber Security Policy. Introduction, Historical background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital evidence, Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle, Forensics Investigation, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Techniques for Forensics Auditing.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices:** Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops.

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Cyber Security: Organizational Implications:** Introduction, cost of cybercrimes and IPR issues, web threats for organizations, security and privacy implications, social media marketing: security risks and perils for organizations, social computing and the associated challenges for organizations. **Cybercrime and Cyber terrorism:** Introduction, intellectual property in the cyberspace, the ethical dimension of cybercrimes the psychology, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals.

#### UNIT - V

**Privacy Issues:** Basic Data Privacy Concepts: Fundamental Concepts, Data Privacy Attacks, Data linking and profiling, privacy policies and their specifications, privacy policy languages, privacy in different domains- medical, financial, etc.

#### **Cybercrime: Examples and Mini-Cases**

**Examples:** Official Website of Maharashtra Government Hacked, Indian Banks Lose Millions of Rupees, Parliament Attack, Pune City Police Bust Nigerian Racket, e-mail spoofing instances.

**Mini-Cases:** The Indian Case of online Gambling, An Indian Case of Intellectual Property Crime, Financial Frauds in Cyber Domain.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Nina Godbole and Sunit Belpure, Cyber Security Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiley
- 2. B. B. Gupta, D. P. Agrawal, Haoxiang Wang, Computer and Cyber Security: Principles, Algorithm, Applications, and Perspectives, CRC Press, ISBN 9780815371335, 2018.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press.
- 2. Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa(john) Wu,J. David Irwin, CRC Press T&F Group.

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## 21CS628PC-FUNDAMENTALS OF IoT

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to:

- Understand the concepts of Internet of Things and able to build IoT applications
- Learn the programming and use of Arduino and Raspberry Pi boards.
- Known about data handling and analytics in SDN.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- Known basic protocols in sensor networks.
- Program and configure Arduino boards for various designs.
- Python programming and interfacing for Raspberry Pi.
- Design IoT applications in different domains.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Internet of Things, Characteristics of IoT, Physical design of IoT, Functional blocks of IoT, Sensing, Actuation, Basics of Networking, Communication Protocols, Sensor Networks, Applications of IoT., Intrduction to OSI networks.

#### **UNIT - II**

Machine-to-Machine Communications, Difference between IoT and M2M, Interoperability in IoT, Introduction toArduino Programming, Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino, Types of Sensors.

### UNIT - III

Introduction to Python programming, Introduction to Raspberry Pi, Interfacing Raspberry Pi with basic peripherals, Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi

#### **UNIT - IV**

Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi, Introduction to Software defined Network (SDN), SDN for IoT, Data Handling and Analytics.

#### UNIT - V

Cloud Computing, Sensor-Cloud, Smart Cities and Smart Homes, Connected Vehicles, Smart Grid, Industrial IoT.

Case Study: Agriculture, Healthcare, Activity Monitoring

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "The Internet 'of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", by Pethuru Raj and Anupama C.Raman (CRC Press)
- 2. "Make sensors": Terokarvinen, kemo, karvinen and villey valtokari, 1st edition, maker media, 2014.
- 3. "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti

- 1. Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach"
- 2. Waltenegus Dargie, Christian Poellabauer, "Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks: Theory and Practice"
- 3. Beginning Sensor networks with Arduino and Raspberry Pi Charles Bell, Apress, 2013

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS653PC: DEVOPS

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

**Course Objectives:** The main objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Describe the agile relationship between development and IT operations.
- 2. Understand the skill sets and high-functioning teams involved in DevOps and related methods to reach a continuous delivery capability.
- 3. Implement automated system update and DevOps lifecycle.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Identify components of Devops environment.
- 2. Describe Software development models and architectures of DevOps.
- 3. Apply different project management, integration, testing and code deployment tool.
- 4. Investigate different DevOps Software development models.
- 5. Assess various Devops practices.
- 6. Collaborate and adopt Devops in real-time projects.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Introduction, Agile development model, DevOps, and ITIL. DevOps process and Continuous Delivery, Release management, Scrum, Kanban, delivery pipeline, bottlenecks, examples

#### **UNIT - II**

**Software development models and DevOps:** DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps, and Continuous Testing. **DevOps influence on Architecture:** Introducing software architecture, The monolithic scenario, Architecture rules of thumb, The separation of concerns, Handling database migrations, Microservices, and the data tier, DevOps, architecture, and resilience.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Introduction to project management:** The need for source code control, The history of source code management, Roles and code, source code management system and migrations, Shared authentication, Hosted Git servers, Different Git server implementations, Docker intermission, Gerrit, The pull request model, GitLab.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Integrating the system:** Build systems, Jenkins build server, Managing build dependencies, Jenkins plugins, and file system layout, The host server, Build slaves, Software on the host, Triggers, Job chaining and build pipelines, Build servers and infrastructure as code, Building by dependency order, Build phases, Alternative build servers, Collating quality measures.

#### UNIT - V

**Testing Tools and automation:** Various types of testing, Automation of testing Pros and cons, Selenium - Introduction, Selenium features, JavaScript testing, Testing backend integration points, Test-driven development, REPL-driven development

**Deployment of the system:** Deployment systems, Virtualization stacks, code execution at the client, Puppet master and agents, Ansible, Deployment tools: Chef, Salt Stack and Docker

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Joakim Verona. Practical Devops, Second Edition. Ingram short title; 2nd edition (2018). ISBN- 10: 1788392574
- 2. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar. DevOps Tools from Practitioner's Viewpoint. Wiley publications. ISBN: 9788126579952

## **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Len Bass, Ingo Weber, Liming Zhu. DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective. Addison Wesley; ISBN-10.

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#### 21CS619PC: NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

### **Course Objectives**

• Introduce to some of the problems and solutions of NLP and their relation to linguistics and statistics.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Show sensitivity to linguistic phenomena and an ability to model them with formal grammars.
- Understand and carry out proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems
- Able to manipulate probabilities, construct statistical models over strings and trees, and estimate parameters using supervised and unsupervised training methods.
- Able to design, implement, and analyze NLP algorithms
- Able to design different language modeling Techniques.

#### UNIT - I

**Finding the Structure of Words:** Words and Their Components, Issues and Challenges, Morphological Models **Finding the Structure of Documents:** Introduction, Methods, Complexity of the Approaches, Performances of the Approaches

#### **UNIT - II**

**Syntax Analysis:** Parsing Natural Language, Treebanks: A Data-Driven Approach to Syntax, Representation of Syntactic Structure, Parsing Algorithms, Models for Ambiguity Resolution in Parsing, Multilingual Issues

#### **UNIT - III**

Semantic Parsing: Introduction, Semantic Interpretation, System Paradigms, Word Sense Systems, Software.

### **UNIT - IV**

Predicate-Argument Structure, Meaning Representation Systems, Software.

#### UNIT - V

**Discourse Processing:** Cohension, Reference Resolution, Discourse Cohension and Structure **Language Modeling:** Introduction, N-Gram Models, Language Model Evaluation, Parameter Estimation, Language Model Adaptation, Types of Language Models, Language-Specific Modeling Problems, Multilingual and Crosslingual Language Modeling

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Multilingual natural Language Processing Applications: From Theory to Practice –Daniel M. Bikel and Imed Zitouni, Pearson Publication
- 2. Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval: Tanvier Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary

## REFERENCE BOOK

1. Speech and Natural Language Processing - Daniel Jurafsky & James H Martin, Pearson Publications

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS668PE: INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C
3 0 0 3

## **Course Objectives:**

- To learn the important concepts and algorithms in IRS
- To understand the data/file structures that are necessary to design, and implement information retrieval (IR) systems.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to apply IR principles to locate relevant information large collections of data
- Ability to design different document clustering algorithms
- Implement retrieval systems for web search tasks.
- Design an Information Retrieval System for web search tasks.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Information Retrieval Systems: Definition of Information Retrieval System, Objectives of Information Retrieval Systems, Functional Overview, Relationship to Database Management Systems, Digital Libraries and Data Warehouses.

Information Retrieval System Capabilities: Search Capabilities, Browse Capabilities, Miscellaneous Capabilities.

#### **UNIT-II**

Cataloging and Indexing: History and Objectives of Indexing, Indexing Process, Automatic Indexing, Information Extraction.

Data Structure: Introduction to Data Structure, Stemming Algorithms, Inverted File Structure, N-Gram Data Structures, PAT Data Structure, Signature File Structure, Hypertext and XML Data Structures, Hidden Markov Models.

### **UNIT - III**

Automatic Indexing: Classes of Automatic Indexing, Statistical Indexing, Natural Language, Concept Indexing, Hypertext Linkages.

Document and Term Clustering: Introduction to Clustering, Thesaurus Generation, Item Clustering, Hierarchy of Clusters.

### UNIT - IV

User Search Techniques: Search Statements and Binding, Similarity Measures and Ranking, Relevance Feedback, Selective Dissemination of Information Search, Weighted Searches of Boolean Systems, Searching the INTERNET and Hypertext.

Information Visualization: Introduction to Information Visualization, Cognition and Perception, Information Visualization Technologies.

#### UNIT - V

Text Search Algorithms: Introduction to Text Search Techniques, Software Text Search Algorithms, Hardware Text Search Systems.

Multimedia Information Retrieval: Spoken Language Audio Retrieval, Non-Speech Audio Retrieval, Graph Retrieval, Imagery Retrieval, Video Retrieval.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems – Theory and Implementation, Second Edition, Gerald J. Kowalski, Mark T. Maybury, Springer

- 1. Frakes, W.B., Ricardo Baeza-Yates: Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 2. Information Storage & Retrieval By Robert Korfhage John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Modern Information Retrieval By Yates and Neto Pearson Education.

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## 21CS698PE: SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

### **Course Objectives**

- To provide knowledge of the concepts in software testing such as testing process, criteria, strategies, and methodologies.
- To develop skills in software test automation and management using latest tools.

#### **Course Outcomes**

• Design and develop the best test strategies in accordance to the development model.

#### UNIT I

Introduction: Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs Flow graphs and Path testing: Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

#### UNIT II

Transaction Flow Testing: transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques. Dataflow testing: Basics of dataflow testing, strategies in dataflow testing, application of dataflow testing. Domain Testing: domains and paths, Nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

#### UNIT III

Paths, Path products and Regular expressions: path products & path expression, reduction procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection.

Logic Based Testing: overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

#### **UNIT IV**

State, State Graphs and Transition testing: state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

#### UNIT V

Graph Matrices and Application: Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Win-runner).

### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Software Testing techniques Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
- 2. Software Testing Tools Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Dreamtech.

- 1. The craft of software testing Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
- 2. Software Testing Techniques SPD(Oreille)
- 3. Software Testing in the Real World Edward Kit, Pearson.
- 4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
- 5. Art of Software Testing Meyers, John Wiley.

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## 21CS699PE: PATTERN RECOGNITION (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

## **Prerequisites**

- Students are expected to have knowledge basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques;
- A course on "Computational Mathematics"
- A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods"

### **Course Objectives**

- This course introduces fundamental concepts, theories, and algorithms for pattern recognition and machine learning.
- Topics include: Pattern Representation, Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier, Bayes Classifier, Hidden Markov Models, Decision Trees, Support Vector Machines, Clustering, and an application of handwritten digit recognition.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Understand the theory, benefits, inadequacies and possible applications of various machine learning and pattern recognition algorithms
- Identify and employ suitable machine learning techniques in classification, pattern recognition, clustering and decision problems.
- **UNIT I**: Introduction: What is Pattern Recognition, Data Sets for Pattern Recognition, Different Paradigms for Pattern Recognition. Representation: Data Structures for Pattern Representation, Representation of Clusters, Proximity Measures, Size of Patterns, Abstractions of the Data Set, Feature Extraction, Feature Selection, Evaluation of Classifier, Evaluation of Clustering.
- **UNIT II:** Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier: Nearest Neighbor Algorithm, Variants of the NN Algorithm use of the Nearest Neighbor Algorithm for Transaction Databases, Efficient Algorithms, Data Reduction, Prototype Selection. Bayes Classifier: Bayes Theorem, Minimum Error Rate Classifier, Estimation of Probabilities, Comparison with the NNC, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Network.
- **UNIT III:** Hidden Markov Models: Markov Models for Classification, Hidden Morkov Models, Classification using HMMs. Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree for Pattern Classification, Construction of Decision Trees, Splitting at the Nodes, Overfitting and Pruning, Examples of Decision Tree Induction.
- **UNIT IV:** Support Vector Machines: Introduction, Learning the Linear Discriminant Functions, Neural Networks, SVM for Classification. Combination of Classifiers: Introduction, Methods for Constructing Ensembles of Classifiers, Methods for Combining Classifiers.
- **UNIT V:** Clustering: Why is Clustering Important, Hierarchical Algorithms, Partitional Clustering, Clustering Large Data Sets. An Application-Hand Written Digit Recognition: Description of the Digit Data, Preprocessing of Data, Classification Algorithms, Selection of Representative Patterns, Results.

#### TEXT BOOK

1. Pattern Recognition: An Algorithmic Approach: Murty, M. Narasimha, Devi, V. Susheela, Spinger Pub, 1st Ed.

- 1. Machine Learning Mc Graw Hill, Tom M. Mitchell.
- 2. Fundamentals Of Speech Recognition: Lawrence Rabiner and Biing- Hwang Juang. Prentice- Hall Pub.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS6100PE: COMPUTER VISION AND ROBOTICS (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

## **Course Objectives**

- 1. To understand the Fundamental Concepts Related To sources, shadows and shading.
- 2. To understand the The Geometry of Multiple Views.

## **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision.
- 2. Implement boundary tracking techniques.
- 3. Apply chain codes and other region descriptors, Hough Transform for line, circle, and ellipse detections.
- 4. Apply 3D vision techniques and Implement motion related techniques.
- 5. Develop applications using computer vision techniques.

#### UNIT - I

**CAMERAS:** Pinhole Cameras. **Radiometry – Measuring Light:** Light in Space, Light Surfaces, Important Special Cases. **Sources, Shadows, And Shading:** Qualitative Radiometry, Sources and Their Effects, Local Shading Models, Application: Photometric Stereo, Interreflections: Global Shading Models. **Color:** The Physics of Color, Human Color Perception, Representing Color, A Model for Image Color, Surface Color from Image Color.

#### UNIT - II

**Linear Filters:** Linear Filters and Convolution, Shift Invariant Linear Systems, Spatial Frequency and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing, Filters as Templates. **Edge Detection:** Noise, Estimating Derivatives, Detecting Edges. **Texture:** Representing Texture, Analysis (and Synthesis) Using Oriented Pyramids, Application: Synthesis by Sampling Local Models, Shape from Texture.

### **UNIT - III**

**The Geometry of Multiple Views**: Two Views. **Stereopsis**: Reconstruction, Human Stereposis, Binocular Fusion, Using More Cameras. **Segmentation by Clustering:** What Is Segmentation? Human Vision: Grouping and Getstalt, Applications: Shot Boundary Detection and Background Subtraction, Image Segmentation by Clustering Pixels, Segmentation by Graph-Theoretic Clustering.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Segmentation by Fitting a Model:** The Hough Transform, Fitting Lines, Fitting Curves, Fitting as a Probabilistic Inference Problem, Robustness. **Segmentation and Fitting Using Probabilistic Methods:** Missing Data Problems, Fitting, and Segmentation, The EM Algorithm in Practice.

**Tracking With Linear Dynamic Models:** Tracking as an Abstract Inference Problem, Linear Dynamic Models, Kalman Filtering, Data Association, Applications and Examples.

### UNIT - V

**Geometric Camera Models:** Elements of Analytical Euclidean Geometry, Camera Parameters and the Perspective Projection, Affine Cameras and Affine Projection Equations.

Geometric Camera Calibration: Least-Squares Parameter Estimation, A Linear Approach to Camera Calibration, Taking Radial Distortion into Account, Analytical Photogrammetry, An Application: Mobile Robot Localization. Model-Based Vision: Initial Assumptions, Obtaining Hypotheses by Pose Consistency, Obtaining Hypotheses by pose Clustering, Obtaining Hypotheses Using Invariants, Verification, Application: Registration In Medical Imaging Systems, Curved Surfaces and Alignment.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. David A. Forsyth and Jean Ponce: Computer Vision – A Modern Approach, PHI Learning (Indian Edition), 2009. **REFERENCE BOOKS** 

- 1. E. R. Davies: Computer and Machine Vision Theory, Algorithms and Practicalities, Elsevier (Academic Press), 4th edition, 2013.
- 2. R. C. Gonzalez and R. E. Woods "Digital Image Processing" Addison Wesley 2008.
- 3. Richard Szeliski "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications" Springer-Verlag London Limited 2011.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS6101PE: DATA WAREHOUSING AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. This course is concerned with extracting data from the information systems that deal with the day-to-day operations and transforming it into data that can be used by businesses to drive high-level decision making
- 2. Students will learn how to design and create a data warehouse, and how to utilize the process of extracting, transforming, and loading (ETL) data into data warehouses.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand architecture of data warehouse and OLAP operations.
- 2. Understand Fundamental concepts of BI and Analytics
- 3. Application of BI Key Performance indicators
- 4. Design of Dashboards, Implementation of Web Analytics
- 5. Understand Utilization of Advanced BI Tools and their Implementation.
- 6. Implementation of BI Techniques and BI Ethics.

### UNIT - I

**DATA WAREHOUSE:** Data Warehouse-Data Warehouse Architecture- Multidimensional Data Model- Data cube and OLAP Technology-Data Warehouse Implementation -DBMS schemas for Decision support - Efficient methods for Data cube computation.

#### UNIT - II

**Business Intelligence:** Introduction – Definition, Leveraging Data and Knowledge for BI, BI Components, BI Dimensions, Information Hierarchy, Business Intelligence and Business Analytics. BI Life Cycle. Data for BI - Data Issues and Data Quality for BI.

### UNIT - III

**BI Implementation** - Key Drivers, Key Performance Indicators and Performance Metrics, BI Architecture/Framework, Best Practices, Business Decision Making, Styles of BI-vent-Driven alerts-A cyclic process of Intelligence Creation. The value of Business intelligence -Value driven and Information use.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Advanced BI** – Big Data and BI, Social Networks, Mobile BI, emerging trends, Description of different BI-Tools (Pentaho, KNIME)

#### UNIT - V

Business intelligence implementation-Business Intelligence and integration implementation-connecting in BI systems- Issues of legality- Privacy and ethics- Social networking and BI.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques JIAWEI HAN & MICHELINE KAMBER, Elsevier.
- 2. Rajiv Sabherwal "Business Intelligence" Wiley Publications, 2012.

- 1. Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, Jay Aronson, David King, Decision Support and Business Intelligence Systems, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. David Loshin, Business Intelligence The Savy Manager's Guide Getting Onboard with Emerging IT, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2009.
- 3. Philo Janus, Stacia Misner, Building Integrated Business Intelligence Solutions with SQL Server, 2008 R2 & Office 2010, TMH, 2011.
- 4. Business Intelligence Data Mining and Optimization for decision making [Author: Carlo-Verellis] [Publication: (Wiley)]
- 5. Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith- Tata McGraw- Hill Edition, Tenth reprint 2007
- 6. Building the Data Warehouse- W. H. Inmon, Wiley Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Data Mining Introductory and Advanced topics –MARGARET H DUNHAM, PEA.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS6102PE: CYBER LAWS (Professional Elective-II)

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

## Course Objectives: Concepts of Technology and Law

- Providing elementary understanding the authorities under IT Act
- Penalties & Offences under IT Act
- Cyber Space Jurisdiction
- Scope of Cyber Laws.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- The student is able to understand the technicalities of law in Cyber World.
- Extensive knowledge regarding jurisdictional issues in IT Act.
- Various important national and international cyber laws.
- Understands the scope of Cyber Law
- The students is able to understand the basic concept of International Technology

**Unit 1: Cyber Space-** Fundamental definitions -Interface of Technology and Law – Jurisprudence and-Jurisdiction in Cyber Space - Indian Context of Jurisdiction - Enforcement agencies – Need for IT act - UNCITRAL – E-Commerce basics .Information Technology Act, 2000 - Aims and Objects — Overview of the Act – Jurisdiction

**Unit 2: Electronic Governance** – Legal Recognition of Electronic Records and Electronic Evidence -Digital Signature Certificates - Securing Electronic records and secure digital signatures - Duties of Subscribers - Role of Certifying Authorities - Regulators under the Act –

**Unit 3:** The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal - Internet Service Providers and their Liability- Powers of Police under the Act - Impact of the Act on other Laws . Cyber Crimes - Meaning of Cyber Crimes - Different Kinds of Cyber crimes - Cyber crimes under IPC,

**Unit 4: Cr.P.C and Indian Evidence Law** - Cyber crimes under the Information Technology Act,2000 - Cyber crimes under International Law - Hacking Child Pornography, Cyber Stalking, Denial of service Attack, Virus Dissemination, Software Piracy,

**Unit 5: Internet Relay Chat** (IRC) Crime, Credit Card Fraud, Net Extortion, Phishing etc - Cyber TerrorismViolation of Privacy on Internet - Data Protection and Privacy - Indian Court cases.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Justice Yatindra Singh: Cyber Laws, Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi
- 2. Farouq Ahmed, Cyber Law in India, New Era publications, New Delhi
- 3. S.R.Myneni: Information Technology Law(Cyber Laws), Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
- 4. Chris Reed, Internet Law-Text and Materials, Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Pawan Duggal: Cyber Law- the Indian perspective Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS655PC: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING LAB

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

## **Course Objectives**

- 1. Become familiar with basic principles of AI toward problem solving, knowledge representation, and learning.
- 2. Knowledge on basic Language processing features, design an innovative application using NLP components

#### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Apply basic principles of AI in solutions that require problem solving, knowledge representation, and learning.
- 2. Show sensitivity to linguistic phenomena and an ability to model them with formal grammars.
- 3. Understand and carry out proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems
- 4. Able to design, implement, and analyze NLP algorithms

### List of Experiments (AI)

- 1) Write a program in prolog to implement simple facts and Queries
- 2) Write a program in prolog to implement simple arithmetic
- 3) Write a program in prolog to solve Monkey banana problem
- 4) Write a program in prolog to solve Tower of Hanoi
- 5) Write a program in prolog to solve 8 Puzzle problems
- 6) Write a program in prolog to solve 4-Queens problem
- 7) Write a program in prolog to solve Traveling salesman problem
- 8) Write a program in prolog for Water jug problem

#### **List of Experiments (NLP)**

- 1. Word Analysis
- 2. Word Generation
- 3. Morphology
- 4. N-Grams
- 5. N-Grams Smoothing

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach Third Edition Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, 2010. Pearson Education, Inc. ISBN: 978-0-13-604259-4
- 2. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin—Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, Pearson Publication, 2014.
- 3. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, —Natural Language Processing with Python, First Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2009.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

21CS654PC: DEVOPS LAB

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Describe the agile relationship between development and IT operations.
- 2. Understand the skill sets and high-functioning teams involved in
- 3. DevOps and related methods to reach a continuous delivery capability
- 4. Implement automated system update and DevOps lifecycle

## **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Identify components of Devops environment
- 2. Apply different project management, integration, testing and code deployment tool
- 3. Investigate different DevOps Software development, models
- 4. Demonstrate continuous integration and development using Jenkins.

## **List of Experiments**

- 1. Write code for a simple user registration form for an event.
- 2. Explore Git and GitHub commands.
- 3. Practice Source code management on GitHub. Experiment with the source code written inexercise 1.
- 4. Jenkins installation and setup, explore the environment.
- 5. Demonstrate continuous integration and development using Jenkins.
- 6. Explore Docker commands for content management.
- 7. Develop a simple containerized application using Docker.
- 8. Integrate Kubernetes and Docker
- 9. Automate the process of running containerized application developed in exercise 7 using Kubernetes.
- 10. Install and Explore Selenium for automated testing.
- 11. Write a simple program in JavaScript and perform testing using Selenium.
- 12. Develop test cases for the above containerized application using selenium.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Joakim Verona. Practical Devops, Second Edition. Ingram short title; 2nd edition (2018). ISBN-10: 1788392574
- 2. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar. DevOps Tools from Practitioner's Viewpoint. Wiley publications. ISBN: 9788126579952

#### REFERENCE BOOKS / LEARNING RESOURCES

- 1. Len Bass, Ingo Weber, Liming Zhu. DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective. AddisonWesley
- 2. Edureka DevOps Full Course https://youtu.be/S\_0q75eD8Yc

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

21CS645PC: IOT LAB

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

#### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce the raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications
- To introduce the implementation of distance sensor on IoT devices

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Ability to introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols and get awareness in implementation of distance sensor
- 2. Get the skill to program using python scripting language which is used in many IoT devices

## **List of Experiments**

- 1. Using raspberry pi
  - a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
  - b. Basic LED functionality.

#### 2. Using Arduino

- a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
- b. Basic LED functionality.
- c. Calculate temperature using a temperature sensor.

#### 3. Using Node MCU

- a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
- b. Basic LED functionality.
- c. Calculate temperature using a temperature sensor.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547.
- 2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD),2014, ISBN: 9789350239759.

- 1. Bernd Scholz-Reiter, Florian Michahelles, "Architecting the Internet of Things", ISBN 978-3-642-19156-5 e-ISBN 978-3-642-19157-2, Springer, 2016.
- 2. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces, Scitech Publishers, 2014.

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#### 21EN603HS: ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

B.Tech. III Year II Sem. L T P C

0 0 3 1.5

#### 1. INTRODUCTION:

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalized context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organize ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

#### 2. OBJECTIVES:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- 1. To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- 2. Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- 3. To prepare all the students for their placements.

#### 3. SYLLABUS:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Lab:

- 1. Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary Starting a conversation responding appropriately and relevantly using the right body language—Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
- 2. Activities on Reading Comprehension –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading& effective googling.
- 3. Activities on Writing Skills Structure and presentation of different types of writing letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/Technical report writing/ planning for writing improving one's writing.
- 4. Activities on Presentation Skills Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM Sessions/seminars/PPTs and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/ emails/assignments etc.
- 5. Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills Dynamics of group discussion, Intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

## 4. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT:

The Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Laboratory shall have the following infrastructural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P IV Processor, Hard Disk 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

#### **5. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE:**

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 7th Edition
- DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dream tech
- TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Effective Technical Communication by M Asharaf Rizvi. McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.2nd Edition
- 2. Academic Writing: A Handbook for International Students by Stephen Bailey, Routledge, 5thEdition.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Learn Correct English A Book of Grammar, Usage and Composition by Shiv K. Kumar and Hemalatha Nagarajan. Pearson 2007
- 2. Professional Communication by Aruna Koneru, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2016.
- 3. Technical Communication by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
- 4. Technical Communication by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. English Vocabulary in Use series, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 6. Handbook for Technical Communication by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.
- 7. Communication Skills by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 8. Job Hunting by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 9. English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hill2009

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### \*21MC605: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 0

### **Course Objectives:**

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

### **Course Outcomes:**

Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies
on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in
sustainable development

#### **UNIT-I**

**Ecosystems:** Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

#### **UNIT-II**

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, Land resources: Forest resources, Energy resources: growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

#### **UNIT-III**

**Biodiversity And Biotic Resources:** Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situconservation. National Biodiversity act.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e- Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary.

Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyotoprotocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-GoI Initiatives.

### **UNIT-V**

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act-1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedicalwaste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan

itsexplosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA),Low carbon life style.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha forUniversityGrants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL LearningPrivateLtd. New Delhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHILearningPvt. Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age international publishers.
- 5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## ESSENCE OF INDIAN KNOWLEDGE TRADITION PART-I

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

#### 21CS756PC: NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C

## **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the foundations of Artificial Neural Networks
- To acquire the knowledge on Deep Learning Concepts
- To learn various types of Artificial Neural Networks
- To gain knowledge to apply optimization strategies

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand the concepts of Neural Networks
- Ability to select the Learning Networks in modeling real world systems
- Ability to use an efficient algorithm for Deep Models
- Ability to apply optimization strategies for large scale applications

### **UNIT-I**

**Artificial Neural Networks** Introduction, Basic models of ANN, important terminologies, Supervised Learning Networks, Perceptron Networks, Adaptive Linear Neuron, Back-propagation Network. Associative Memory Networks. Training Algorithms for pattern association, BAM and Hopfield Networks.

#### **UNIT-II**

Unsupervised Learning Network- Introduction, Fixed Weight Competitive Nets, Maxnet, Hamming Network, Kohonen Self-Organizing Feature Maps, Learning Vector Quantization, Counter Propagation Networks, Adaptive Resonance Theory Networks. Special Networks-Introduction to various networks.

#### **UNIT - III**

Introduction to Deep Learning, Historical Trends in Deep learning, Deep Feed - forward networks, Gradient-Based learning, Hidden Units, Architecture Design, Back-Propagation and Other Differentiation Algorithms

### **UNIT - IV**

Regularization for Deep Learning: Parameter norm Penalties, Norm Penalties as Constrained Optimization, Regularization and Under-Constrained Problems, Dataset Augmentation, Noise Robustness, Semi-Supervised learning, Multi-task learning, Early Stopping, Parameter Typing and Parameter Sharing, Sparse Representations, Bagging and other Ensemble Methods, Dropout, Adversarial Training, Tangent Distance, tangent Prop and Manifold, Tangent Classifier

#### UNIT - V

**Optimization for Train Deep Models:** Challenges in Neural Network Optimization, Basic Algorithms, Parameter Initialization Strategies, Algorithms with Adaptive Learning Rates, Approximate Second- Order Methods, Optimization Strategies and Meta-Algorithms

Applications: Large-Scale Deep Learning, Computer Vision, Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Deep Learning: An MIT Press Book By Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville
- 2. Neural Networks and Learning Machines, Simon Haykin, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall.

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#### 21CS757PC: REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C

**Course Objectives:** Knowledge on fundamentals of reinforcement learning and the methods used to create agents that can solve a variety of complex tasks.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Understand basics of RL.
- 2. Understand RL Framework and Markov Decision Process.
- 3. Analyzing ning through the use of Dynamic Programming and Monte Carlo.
- 4. Understand TD(0) algorithm, TD( $\lambda$ ) algorithm.

#### UNIT - I

Basics of probability and linear algebra, Definition of a stochastic multi-armed bandit, Definition of regret, Achieving sublinear regret, UCB algorithm, KL-UCB, Thompson Sampling.

#### **UNIT-II**

Markov Decision Problem, policy, and value function, Reward models (infinite discounted, total, finite horizon, and average), Episodic & continuing tasks, Bellman's optimality operator, and Value iteration & policy iteration

#### **UNIT - III**

The Reinforcement Learning problem, prediction and control problems, Model-based algorithm, MonteCarlo methods for prediction, and Online implementation of Monte Carlo policy evaluation

## **UNIT - IV**

Bootstrapping; TD(0) algorithm; Convergence of Monte Carlo and batch TD(0) algorithms; Model-free control: Q-learning, Sarsa, Expected Sarsa.

#### **UNIT - V**

n-step returns;  $TD(\lambda)$  algorithm; Need for generalization in practice; Linear function approximation and geometric view; Linear  $TD(\lambda)$ . Tile coding; Control with function approximation; Policy search; Policy gradient methods; Experience replay; Fitted Q Iteration; Case studies.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Reinforcement learning: An introduction," First Edition, Sutton, Richard S., and Andrew G.Barto, MIT press 2020.
- 2. "Statistical reinforcement learning: modern machine learning approaches," First Edition, Sugiyama, Masashi. CRC Press 2015.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. "Bandit algorithms," First Edition, Lattimore, T. and C. Szepesvári. Cambridge University Press. 2020.
- 2. "Reinforcement Learning Algorithms: Analysis and Applications," Boris Belousov, HanyAbdulsamad, Pascal Klink, Simone Parisi, and Jan Peters First Edition, Springer 2021.

Alexander Zai and Brandon Brown "Deep Reinforcement Learning in Action," First Edition, Manning Publications 2020.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS7103PE- INTERNET OF THINGS (Professional Elective-III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications.
- To introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols.
- To introduce the Python Scripting Language which is used in many IoT devices.
- To introduce the Raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications.
- To introduce the implementation of web-based services on IoT devices.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect themto network.
- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify theapplications of IoT in Industry.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Internet of Things –Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT – IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, Iot Communication APIs IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates Domain Specific IoTs – Home, City, Environment, Energy, Retail, Logistics, Agriculture, Industry, health and Lifestyle

### **UNIT-II**

IoT and M2M – Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG- NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER

#### **UNIT - III**

Introduction to Python - Language features of Python, Data types, data structures, Control of flow, functions, modules, packaging, file handling, data/time operations, classes, Exception handling Python packages - JSON, XML, HTTPLib, URLLib, SMTPLib

## **UNIT - IV**

IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Introduction to Raspberry PI-Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C) Programming – Python program with Raspberry PI with focus of interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.

#### **UNIT - V**

IoT Physical Servers and Cloud Offerings – Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communicationAPIs Webserver – Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT, Python web application framework Designing a RESTful web API

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, UniversitiesPress, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547.
- 2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014,ISBN: 9789350239759.

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## 21CS7104PE- DATA MINING (Professional Elective-III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

## **Pre-Requisites:**

- A course on "Database Management Systems"
- Knowledge of probability and statistics

## **Course Objectives:**

- It presents methods for mining frequent patterns, associations, and correlations.
- It then describes methods for data classification and prediction, and data-clustering approaches.
- It covers mining various types of data stores such as spatial, textual, multimedia, streams.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand the types of the data to be mined and present a general classification oftasks and primitives to integrate a data mining system.
- Apply preprocessing methods for any given raw data.
- Extract interesting patterns from large amounts of data.
- Discover the role played by data mining in various fields.
- Choose and employ suitable data mining algorithms to build analytical applications
- Evaluate the accuracy of supervised and unsupervised models and algorithms.

#### UNIT - I

**Data Mining:** Data—Types of Data—, Data Mining Functionalities— Interestingness Patterns—Classification of Data Mining systems—Data mining Task primitives—Integration of Data mining systemwith a Data warehouse—Major issues in Data Mining—Data Preprocessing.

### **UNIT-II**

**Association Rule Mining:** Mining Frequent Patterns—Associations and correlations — Mining Methods— Mining Various kinds of Association Rules— Correlation Analysis— Constraint based Association mining. Graph Pattern Mining, SPM.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Classification:** Classification and Prediction – Basic concepts–Decision tree induction–Bayesian classification, Rule–based classification, Lazy learner.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Clustering and Applications:** Cluster analysis—Types of Data in Cluster Analysis—Categorization of Major Clustering Methods— Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods— Density—Based Methods, Grid—Based Methods, Outlier Analysis.

#### UNIT - V

**Advanced Concepts:** Basic concepts in Mining data streams—Mining Time—series data—Mining sequence patterns in Transactional databases— Mining Object— Spatial— Multimedia—Text and Web data — Spatial Data mining—Multimedia Data mining—Text Mining—Mining the World Wide Web.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques Jiawei Han & Micheline Kamber, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition Elsevier.
- 2. Data Mining Introductory and Advanced topics Margaret H Dunham, PEA.

## **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Ian H. Witten and Eibe Frank, Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques(Second Edition), Morgan Kaufmann, 2005.

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## 21CS7105PE- SCRIPTING LANGUAGES (Professional Elective-III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. This course introduces the script programming paradigm
- 2. Introduces scripting languages such as Perl, Ruby and TCL.
- 3. Learning TCL

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Comprehend the differences between typical scripting languages and typical system and application programming languages.
- 2. Gain knowledge of the strengths and weakness of Perl, TCL and Ruby; and select an appropriate language for solving a given problem.
- 3. Acquire programming skills in scripting language
- **UNIT I :**Introduction: Ruby, Rails, The structure and Excution of Ruby Programs, Package Management with RUBYGEMS, Ruby and web: Writing CGI scripts, cookies, Choice of Webservers, SOAP and WebservicesRubyTk Simple Tk Application, widgets, Binding events, Canvas, scrolling
- **UNIT II :**Extending Ruby: Ruby Objects in C, the Jukebox extension, Memory allocation, Ruby Type System, Embedding Ruby to Other Languages, Embedding a Ruby Interperter
- **UNIT III**: Introduction to PERL and Scripting ,Scripts and Programs, Origin of Scripting, Scripting Today, Characteristics of Scripting Languages, Uses for Scripting Languages, Web Scripting, and the universe of Scripting Languages. PERL- Names and Values, Variables, Scalar Expressions, Control Structures, arrays, list, hashes, strings, pattern and regular expressions, subroutines.
- **UNIT IV:**Advanced perl, Finer points of looping, pack and unpack, filesystem, eval, ,data structures, packages, modules, objects, interfacing to the operating system, Creating Internet ware applications, Dirty Hands Internet Programming, security Isses.
- **UNIT V:**TCL Structure, syntax, Variables and Data in TCL, Control Flow, Data Structures, input/output, procedures, strings, patterns, files, Advance TCL- eval, source, exec and uplevel commands, Name spaces, trapping errors, event driven programs, making applications internet aware, Nuts and BoltsInternet Programming, Security Issues, C Interface. TkTk-Visual Tool Kits, Fundamental Concepts of Tk, Tk by example, Events and Binding, Perl-Tk.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. The World of Scripting Languages, David Barron, Wiley Publications.
- 2. Ruby Progamming language by David Flanagan and Yukihiro Matsumoto O'Reilly
- 3. "Programming Ruby" The PramaticProgammers guide by Dabve Thomas Second edition

- 1. Open Source Web Development with LAMP using Linux Apache, MySQL, Perl and PHP, J. Lee and B. Ware (Addison Wesley) Pearson Education.
- 2. Perl by Example, E. Quigley, Pearson Education.
- 3. Programming Perl, Larry Wall, T. Christiansen and J. Orwant, O'Reilly, SPD.
- 4. Tcl and the Tk Tool kit, Ousterhout, Pearson Education.
- 5. Perl Power, J. P. Flynt, Cengage Learning

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS7106PE- MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT (Professional Elective-III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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## **Course Objectives**

- To demonstrate their understanding of the fundamentals of Android operating systems.
- To improves their skills of using Android software development tools.
- To demonstrate their ability to develop software with reasonable complexity on mobile platform.
- To demonstrate their ability to deploy software to mobile devices.
- To demonstrate their ability to debug programs running on mobile devices.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Student understands the working of Android OS Practically.
- Student will be able to develop Android user interfaces
- Student will be able to develop, deploy and maintain the Android Applications.

## UNIT - I

Introduction to Android Operating System: Android OS design and Features – Android development framework, SDK features, Installing and running applications on Android Studio, Creating AVDs, Types of Android applications, Best practices in Android programming, Android tools

Android application components – Android Manifest file, Externalizing resources like values, themes, layouts, Menus etc, Resources for different devices and languages, Runtime Configuration Changes Android Application Lifecycle – Activities, Activity lifecycle, activity states, monitoring state changes

### **UNIT - II**

Android User Interface: Measurements – Device and pixel density independent measuring UNIT - s Layouts – Linear, Relative, Grid and Table Layouts

User Interface (UI) Components – Editable and non-editable TextViews, Buttons, Radio and Toggle Buttons, Checkboxes, Spinners, Dialog and pickers

Event Handling – Handling clicks or changes of various UI components

Fragments – Creating fragments, Lifecycle of fragments, Fragment states, Adding fragments to Activity, adding, removing and replacing fragments with fragment transactions, interfacing between fragments and Activities, Multi-screen Activities

### **UNIT - III**

Intents and Broadcasts: Intent – Using intents to launch Activities, Explicitly starting new Activity, Implicit Intents, Passing data to Intents, Getting results from Activities, Native Actions, using Intent to dial a number or to send SMS

Broadcast Receivers – Using Intent filters to service implicit Intents, Resolving Intent filters, finding and using Intents received within an Activity

Notifications - Creating and Displaying notifications, Displaying Toasts

#### **UNIT - IV**

Persistent Storage: Files – Using application specific folders and files, creating files, reading data from files, listing contents of a directory Shared Preferences – Creating shared preferences, saving and retrieving data using Shared Preference

## UNIT - V

Database – Introduction to SQLite database, creating and opening a database, creating tables, inserting retrieving and etindelg data, Registering Content Providers, Using content Providers (insert, delete, retrieve and update)

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India, (Wrox), 2012.
- 2. Android Application Development for Java Programmers, James C Sheusi, Cengage Learning, 2013.

## **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Wei-Meng Lee, Wiley India (Wrox), 2013.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS7107PE- CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORKK SECURITY (Professional Elective-III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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### **Course Objectives:**

- Explain the objectives of information security
- Explain the importance and application of each of confidentiality, integrity, authentication and availability
- Understand various cryptographic algorithms.
- Understand the basic categories of threats to computers and networks
- Generate and distribute a PGP key pair and use the PGP package to send an encrypted e-mail message.
- Discuss Web security and Firewalls

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Student will be able to understand basic cryptographic algorithms, message and webauthentication and security issues.
- Ability to identify information system requirements for both of them such as client and server.
- Ability to understand the current legal issues towards information security.

#### UNIT - I

**Security Concepts:** Introduction, The need for security, Security approaches, Principles of security, Types of Security attacks, Security services, Security Mechanisms, A model for Network Security **Cryptography Concepts and Techniques:** Introduction, plain text and cipher text, substitution techniques, transposition techniques, encryption and decryption, symmetric and asymmetric keycryptography, steganography, key range and key size, possible types of attacks.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Symmetric key Ciphers:** Block Cipher principles, DES, AES, Blowfish, RC5, IDEA, Block cipher operation, Stream ciphers, RC4.

**Asymmetric key Ciphers:** Principles of public key cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Elgamal Cryptography, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Knapsack Algorithm.

#### **UNIT - III**

**Cryptographic Hash Functions:** Message Authentication, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-512), **Message authentication codes:** Authentication requirements, HMAC, CMAC, Digital signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Scheme.

**Key Management and Distribution:** Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric & Asymmetric Encryption, Distribution of Public Keys, Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service, Public – Key Infrastructure

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Transport-level Security:** Web security considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, Secure Shell (SSH)

**Wireless Network Security:** Wireless Security, Mobile Device Security, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN, IEEE 802.11i Wireless LAN Security

#### UNIT - V

**Mail Security:** Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME **IP Security:** IP Security overview, IP Security architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating security payload, Combining security associations, Internet Key Exchange

Case Studies on Cryptography and security: Secure Multiparty Calculation, Virtual Elections, Single sign On, Secure Inter-branch Payment Transactions, Cross site Scripting Vulnerability.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practice: William Stallings, PearsonEducation, 6<sup>th</sup>
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security: Atul Kahate, Mc Graw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security: C K Shyamala, N Harini, Dr T R Padmanabhan, WileyIndia, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security: Forouzan Mukhopadhyay, Mc Graw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 3. Information Security, Principles, and Practice: Mark Stamp, Wiley India.
- 4. Principles of Computer Security: WM. Arthur Conklin, Greg White, TMH.
- 5. Introduction to Network Security: Neal Krawetz, CENGAGE Learning.
- 6. Network Security and Cryptography: Bernard Menezes, CENGAGE Learning.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS7108PE: QUANTUM COMPUTING (Professional Elective-IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To introduce the fundamentals of quantum computing
- 2. The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand basics of quantum computing
- 2. Understand physical implementation of Qubit
- 3. Understand Quantum algorithms and their implementation
- 4. Understand the Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction to Essential Linear Algebra:** Some Basic Algebra, Matrix Math, Vectors and Vector Spaces, Set Theory. **Complex Numbers:** Definition of Complex Numbers, Algebra of Complex Numbers, Complex Numbers Graphically, Vector Representations of Complex Numbers, Pauli Matrice, Transcendental Numbers.

#### **UNIT - II**

**Basic Physics for Quantum Computing:** The Journey to Quantum, Quantum Physics Essentials, Basic Atomic Structure, Hilbert Spaces, Uncertainty, Quantum States, Entanglement.

**Basic Quantum Theory:** Further with Quantum Mechanics, Quantum Decoherence, Quantum Electrodynamics, Quantum Chromodynamics, Feynman Diagram Quantum Entanglement and QKD, Quantum Entanglement, Interpretation, QKE.

## **UNIT - III**

**Quantum Architecture:** Further with Qubits, Quantum Gates, More with Gates, Quantum Circuits, The D-Wave Quantum Architecture. **Quantum Hardware:** Qubits, How Many Qubits Are Needed? Addressing Decoherence, Topological Quantum Computing, Quantum Essentials.

## **UNIT-IV**

**Quantum Algorithms:** What Is an Algorithm? Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm, Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm, Simon's Algorithm, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm.

### **UNIT - V**

Current Asymmetric Algorithms: RSA, Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curve. The Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography: Asymmetric Cryptography, Specific Algorithms, Specific Applications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press
- 2. Dr. Chuck Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, Pearson

- 1. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists by Noson S. Yanofsky and Mirco A. Mannucci
- 2. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol.Basic Concepts. Vol. Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific.
- 3. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

## 21CS7109PE: EXPERT SYSTEMS (Professional Elective-IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the basic techniques of artificial intelligence.
- 2. Understand the Non-monotonic reasoning and statistical reasoning.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Apply the basic techniques of artificial intelligence.
- 2. Discuss the architecture of an expert system and its tools.
- 3. Understand the importance of building an expert systems.
- 4. Understand various problems with an expert systems.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to AI programming languages, Blind search strategies, Breadth-first – Depth-first – Heuristic search techniques Hill Climbing – Best first – A Algorithms AO\* algorithm – game tress, Min-max algorithms, game playing – Alpha-beta pruning.

#### **UNIT-II**

Knowledge representation issues predicate logic – logic programming Semantic nets- frames and inheritance, constraint propagation; Representing Knowledge using rules, Rules-based deduction systems.

#### **UNIT - III**

Introduction to Expert Systems, Architecture of expert systems, Representation and organization of knowledge, Basics characteristics, and types of problems handled by expert systems.

#### **UNIT - IV**

**Expert System Tools:** Techniques of knowledge representations in expert systems, knowledge engineering, system-building aids, support facilities, stages in the development of expert systems.

#### **IINIT - V**

**Building an Expert System:** Expert system development, Selection of the tool, Acquiring Knowledge, Building process.

**Problems with Expert Systems:** Difficulties, common pitfalls in planning, dealing with domain experts, difficulties during development.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Elain Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Waterman D.A., "A Guide to Expert Systems", Addison Wesley Longman.

- 1. Stuart Russel and other Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", Prentice-Hall.
- 2. Patrick Henry Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Addison Wesley.
- 3. Patterson, Artificial Intelligence & Expert System, Prentice Hall India, 1999.
- 4. Hayes-Roth, Lenat, and Waterman: Building Expert Systems, Addison Wesley.
- 5. Weiss S.M. and Kulikowski C.A., "A Practical Guide to Designing Expert Systems", Rowman & Allanheld, New Jersey.

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## 21CS7110PE: CLOUD COMPUTING (Professional Elective-IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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## **Course Objectives:**

- This course provides an insight into cloud computing
- Topics covered include- distributed system models, different cloud service models, service-oriented architectures, cloud programming and software environments, resource management.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
- Ability to understand the ways in which the cloud can be programmed and deployed.
- Understanding cloud service providers.

### UNIT - I

**Computing Paradigms:** High-Performance Computing, Parallel Computing, Distributed Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing, Bio computing, Mobile Computing, Quantum Computing, Optical Computing, Nano computing.

## **UNIT - II**

**Cloud Computing Fundamentals**: Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud computing, Cloud Computing Is a Service, Cloud Computing Is a Platform, Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models

#### **UNIT - III**

Cloud Computing Architecture and Management: Cloud architecture, Layer, Anatomy of the Cloud, Network Connectivity in Cloud Computing, Applications, on the Cloud, Managing the Cloud, Managing the Cloud Infrastructure Managing the Cloud application, Migrating Application to Cloud, Phases of Cloud Migration Approaches for Cloud Migration.

### **UNIT - IV**

Cloud Service Models: Infrastructure as a Service, Characteristics of IaaS. Suitability of IaaS, Pros and Cons of IaaS, Summary of IaaS Providers, Platform as a Service, Characteristics of PaaS, Suitability of PaaS, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Summary of PaaS Providers, Software as a Service, Characteristics of SaaS, Suitability of SaaS, Pros and Cons of SaaS, Summary of SaaS Providers, Other Cloud Service Models.

#### **UNIT V**

Cloud Service Providers: EMC, EMC IT, Captiva Cloud Toolkit, Google, Cloud Platform, Cloud Storage, Google Cloud Connect, Google Cloud Print, Google App Engine, Amazon Web Services, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon Simple Storage Service, Amazon Simple Queue, service, Microsoft, Windows Azure, Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit, SharePoint, IBM, Cloud Models, IBM Smart Cloud, SAP Labs, SAP HANA Cloud Platform, Virtualization Services Provided by SAP, Sales force, Sales Cloud, Service Cloud: Knowledge as a Service, Rack space, VMware, Manjrasoft, Aneka Platform

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Essentials of cloud Computing: K. Chandrasekhran, CRC press, 2014

- 1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.
- 3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp 2011.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# **21CS7111PE:** GAME THEORY (Professional Elective-IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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**Course Objectives:** The course will explain in depth the standard equilibrium concepts (such as Nash equilibrium, Subgame-Perfect Nash Equilibrium, and others) in Game Theory.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of game theory and solutions
- 2. Understand different types of equilibrium interpretations
- 3. Understand and analyze knowledge and solution concepts
- 4. Analyze extensive games with perfect information

#### **UNIT-I**

Introduction- Game Theory, Games and Solutions Game Theory and the Theory of CompetitiveEquilibrium, Rational Behavior, The Steady State and Deductive Interpretations, Bounded RationalityTerminology and Notation. Nash Equilibrium- Strategic Games, Nash Equilibrium Examples Existence of a Nash Equilibrium, Strictly Competitive Games, Bayesian Games: Strategic Games with Imperfect Information.

### UNIT - II

Mixed, Correlated, and Evolutionary Equilibrium - Mixed Strategy Nash Equilibrium, Interpretations of Mixed Strategy Nash Equilibrium, Correlated Equilibrium, Evolutionary Equilibrium, Rationalizability and Iterated Elimination of Dominated Actions -Rationalizability Iterated Elimination of Strictly Dominated Actions, Iterated Elimination of Weakly Dominated Actions.

### **UNIT - III**

Knowledge and Equilibrium -A Model of Knowledge Common Knowledge, Can People Agree to Disagree? Knowledge and Solution Concepts, The Electronic Mail Game

#### **UNIT - IV**

Extensive Games with Perfect Information -Extensive Games with Perfect Information Subgame PerfectEquilibrium Two Extensions of the Definition of a Game The Interpretation of a Strategy, Two Notable Finite Horizon Games, Iterated Elimination of Weakly Dominated, Strategies Bargaining Games - Bargaining and Game Theory, A Bargaining Game of Alternating Offers Subgame Perfect Equilibrium Variations and Extensions.

# UNIT - V

Repeated Games - The Basic Idea Infinitely Repeated Games vs.\ Finitely Repeated Games, Infinitely Repeated Games: Definitions Strategies as Machines Trigger Strategies: Nash Folk, Theorems Punishing for a Limited Length of Time: A Perfect Folk Theorem for the Limit of Means Criterion Punishing the Punisher: A Perfect Folk Theorem for the Overtaking Criterion, Rewarding Players Who Punish: A Perfect Folk Theorem for the Discounting Criterion The Structure of Subgame Perfect Equilibria Under the Discounting Criterion Finitely Repeated Game.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. A course in Game Theory, M. J. Osborne and A. Rubinstein, MIT Press
- 2. Game Theory, Roger Myerson, Harvard University Press
- 3. Game Theory, D. Fudenberg and J. Tirole, MIT Press

- 1. Theory of Games and Economic Behavior, J. von Neumann and O. Morgenstern, New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Games and Decisions, R.D. Luce and H. Raiffa, New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. Game Theory, G. Owen, 2nd Edition, New York: Academic Press.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS7112PE: MOBILE COMPUTING (Professional Elective-IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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Prerequisites: Computer Networks, Distributed Systems / Distributed Operating Systems

**Course Objectives:** To make the student understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations, the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol, the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.
- 2. Analyze and develop new mobile applications
- 3. Understand the protocols and platforms related to mobile environment
- 4. Classify data delivery mechanisms

### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices.

GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS, CSHSD, DECT.

### UNIT -II

(Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC): Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11) Mobile Network Layer: IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

### **UNIT - III**

**Mobile Transport Layer:** Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP,Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

**Database Issues:** Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing & Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues.

# **UNIT - IV**

**Data Dissemination and Synchronization:** Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Broadcast Models, Selective Tuning and Indexing Methods, Data Synchronization – Introduction, Software, and Protocols

# UNIT - V

**Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs):** Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, Mobile Agents, Service Discovery. **Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing:** WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, JavaCard, PalmOS, Windows CE, SymbianOS, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009.
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 0195686772

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Asoke K Talukder, Hasan Ahmed, Roopa Yavagal Mobile Computing: Technology, Applications and Service Creation, McGraw Hill Education.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS758PC: DEEP LEARNING LAB

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

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### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To Build the Foundation of Deep Learning.
- 2. To Understand How to Build the Neural Network.
- 3. To enable students to develop successful machine learning concepts.

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:
- 2. Learn the Fundamental Principles of Deep Learning.
- 3. Identify the Deep Learning Algorithms for Various Types of Learning Tasks in various domains.
- 4. Implement Deep Learning Algorithms and Solve Real-world problems.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Setting up the Spyder IDE Environment and Executing a Python Program
- 2. Installing Keras, Tensorflow and Pytorch libraries and making use of them
- 3. Applying the Convolution Neural Network on computer vision problems
- 4. Image classification on MNIST dataset (CNN model with Fully connected layer)
- 5. Applying the Deep Learning Models in the field of Natural Language Processing
- 6. Train a sentiment analysis model on IMDB dataset, use RNN layers with LSTM/GRU notes
- 7. Applying the Autoencoder algorithms for encoding the real-world data
- 8. Applying Generative Adversial Networks for image generation and unsupervised tasks.

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, MIT Press.
- 2. The Elements of Statistical Learning by T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, and J. Friedman, Springer.
- 3. Probabilistic Graphical Models. Koller, and N. Friedman, MIT Press.

### REFERENCES

- 1. Bishop, C.M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.
- 2. Yegnanarayana, B., Artificial Neural Networks PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
- 3. Golub, G.H., and Van Loan, C.F., Matrix Computations, JHU Press, 2013.
- 4. Satish Kumar, Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2004.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8113PE: SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS (Professional Elective-V)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. It introduces the concepts of social media
- 2. It provides the mechanisms for social network analysis
- 3. Includes the concepts that allow for better visualization and analysis of widely used services such as email, Wikis, Twitter, flickr, YouTube, etc.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Ability to construct social network maps easily
- 2. Gain skills in tracking the content flow through the social media
- 3. Use NodeXL to perform social network analysis

### UNIT - I:

**Introduction:** Social Media and Social Networks. **Social Media:** New Technologies of Collaboration. **Social Network Analysis:** Measuring, Mapping, and Modeling collections of Connections.

# **UNIT - II:**

NodeXL, Layout, Visual Design, and Labeling, Calculating and Visualizing Network Metrics, Preparing Data and Filtering, Clustering and Grouping.

# **UNIT - III:**

#### **CASE STUDIES - I:**

**Email:** The lifeblood of Modern Communication. **Thread Networks:** Mapping Message Boards and Email Lists. **Twitter:** Conversation, Entertainment and Information.

### **UNIT - IV:**

CASE STUDIES - II: Visualizing and Interpreting Facebook Networks, WWW Hyperlink Networks

# **UNIT-V:**

# **CASE STUDIES - III:**

You Tube: Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction, and Prominence. Wiki Networks: Connections of Creativity and Collaboration.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith, Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
- 2. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability, Sybex, 2009.

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

Marshall Sponder, Social Media Analytics: Effective Tools for Building, Interpreting and Using Metrics, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, MGH, 2011.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8114PE: FEDERATED MACHINE LEARNING (Professional Elective-V)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understand the key concepts and issues behind Federated Learning
- 2. Get familiar with key theoretical results of Federated Learning

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Knowledge of the basic concepts, architecture, and applications of FL.
- 2. Understanding of new research and application trends in FL.
- 3. Analyze horizontal federated learning
- 4. Understand the significance of Federated Learning for Vision, Language, and Recommendation

### UNIT - I

Introduction: Motivation, Federated Learning as a Solution, The Definition of Federated Learning, Categories of Federated Learning, Current Development in Federated Learning, Research Issues in Federated Learning, Open-Source Projects, Standardization Efforts, The Federated AI Ecosystem Background: Privacy-Preserving Machine Learning, PPML and Secure ML, Threat and Security Models, Privacy Threat Models, Adversary and Security Models, Privacy Preservation Techniques, Secure Multi-Party Computation, Homomorphic Encryption, Differential Privacy.

#### **UNIT - II**

Distributed Machine Learning: Introduction to DML, The Definition of DML, DML Platforms, Scalability-Motivated DML, Large-Scale Machine Learning, Scalability-Oriented DML Schemes, Privacy-Motivated DML, Privacy-Preserving Decision Trees, Privacy-Preserving Techniques, Privacy-Preserving DML Schemes, Privacy-Preserving Gradient Descent, Vanilla Federated Learning, Privacy-Preserving Methods.

# **UNIT - III**

Horizontal Federated Learning: The Definition of HFL, Architecture of HFL, The Client- Server Architecture, The Peer-to-Peer Architecture, Global Model Evaluation, The Federated Averaging Algorithm, Federated Optimization, The FedAvg Algorithm, The Secured FedAvg Algorithm, Improvement of the FedAvg Algorithm, Communication Efficiency, Client Selection Vertical Federated Learning: The Definition of VFL, Architecture of VFL, Algorithms of VFL, Secure Federated Linear Regression, Secure Federated Tree-Boosting.

# **UNIT - IV**

Federated Transfer Learning: Heterogeneous Federated Learning, Federated Transfer Learning, The FTL Framework, Additively Homomorphic Encryption, The FTL Training Process, The FTL Prediction Process, Security Analysis, Secret Sharing-Based FTL Incentive Mechanism Design for Federated Learning: Paying for Contributions, Profit- Sharing Games, Reverse Auctions, A Fairness-Aware Profit Sharing Framework, Modeling Contribution, Modeling Cost, Modeling Regret, Modeling Temporal Regret, The Policy Orchestrator, Computing Payoff Weightage.

# UNIT - V

Federated Learning for Vision, Language, and Recommendation: Federated Learning for Computer Vision, Federated CV, Federated Learning for NLP, Federated NLP, Federated Learning for

Recommendation Systems, Recommendation Model, Federated Recommendation System Federated Reinforcement Learning: Introduction to Reinforcement Learning, Policy, Reward, Value Function, Model of the Environment, RL Background Example, Reinforcement Learning Algorithms, Distributed

Reinforcement Learning, Asynchronous Distributed Reinforcement Learning, Synchronous Distributed Reinforcement Learning, Federated Reinforcement Learning, Background and Categorization.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Federated Learning, Qiang Yang, Yang Liu, Yong Cheng, Yan Kang, Tianjian Chen, and Han Yu-Synthesis Lectures on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning 2019.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8115PE: AUGMENTED REALITY & VIRTUAL REALITY (Professional Elective-V)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

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### **Course objectives:**

- 1. The objective of this course is to provide a foundation to the fast-growing field of AR and make the students aware of the various AR devices.
- 2. To give historical and modern overviews and perspectives on virtual reality. It describes the fundamentals of sensation, perception, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Describe how AR systems work and list the applications of AR and analyze it H/W Requirements.
- 2. Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR.
- 3. Understand the design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems tobe built.

**UNIT - I**: Introduction to Augmented Reality: What Is Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of augmented reality, The Relationship Between Augmented Reality and Other Technologies-Media, Technologies, Other Ideas Related to the Spectrum Between Real and Virtual Worlds, applications of augmented reality Augmented Reality Concepts- How Does Augmented Reality Work? Concepts Related to Augmented Reality, Ingredients of an Augmented Reality Experience.

#### **UNIT - II:**

**AR Devices & Components:** AR Components – Scene Generator, Tracking system, monitoring system, display, Game scene. AR Devices – Optical See- Through HMD, Virtual retinal systems, Monitor bases systems, Projection displays, Video see-through systems.

#### **UNIT - III:**

**Introduction to Virtual Reality:** Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception, Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience, Virtual Reality System, Interface to the Virtual World-Input & output-Visual, Aural & Haptic Displays, Applications of Virtual Reality

**UNIT - IV**: **Representing the Virtual World**: Representation of the Virtual World, Visual Representation in VR, Aural Representation in VR and Haptic Representation in VR, Case Study: GHOST (General Haptics Open Software Toolkit) software development toolkit.

### UNIT - V:

**Visual Perception & Rendering:** Visual Perception - Perception of Depth, Perception of Motion, Perception of Color, Combining Sources of Information, Visual Rendering -Ray Tracing and Shading Models, Rasterization, Correcting Optical Distortions, Improving Latency and Frame Rates.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development , 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178
- 2. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016), ISBN-10: 9332578494

- 1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016.
- 2. Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002.
- 3. Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
- 4. Designing for Mixed Reality, Kharis O'Connell Published by O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2016, ISBN: 9781491962381.
- 5. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0.
- 6. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS8116PE: WEB SECURITY (Professional Elective-V)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- Give an Overview of information security
- Give an overview of Access control of relational databases

#### Course Outcomes: Students should be able to

- Understand the Web architecture and applications
- Understand client side and service side programming
- Understand how common mistakes can be bypassed and exploit the application
- Identify common application vulnerabilities

# UNIT - I

The Web Security, The Web Security Problem, Risk Analysis and Best Practices.

Cryptography and the Web: Cryptography and Web Security, Working Cryptographic Systems and Protocols, Legal Restrictions on Cryptography, Digital Identification.

### **UNIT-II**

The Web's War on Your Privacy, Privacy-Protecting Techniques, Backups and Antitheft, Web Server Security, Physical Security for Servers, Host Security for Servers, Securing Web Applications.

### **UNIT - III**

Database Security: Recent Advances in Access Control, Access Control Models for XML, Database Issues in Trust Management and Trust Negotiation, Security in Data Warehouses and OLAP Systems.

### **UNIT - IV**

Security Re-engineering for Databases: Concepts and Techniques, Database Watermarking for Copyright Protection, Trustworthy Records Retention, Damage Quarantine and Recovery in Data Processing Systems, Hippocratic Databases: Current Capabilities and Future Trends.

### UNIT - V

Privacy in Database Publishing: A Bayesian Perspective, Privacy-enhanced Location-based Access Control, Efficiently Enforcing the Security and Privacy Policies in a Mobile Environment.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Web Security, Privacy and Commerce Simson G Arfinkel, Gene Spafford, O'Reilly.
- 2. Handbook on Database security applications and trends Michael Gertz, Sushil Jajodia

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8117PE: AD-HOC AND SENSOR NETWORKS (Professional Elective-V)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem. L T P C

3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the concepts of sensor networks
- 2. To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks
- 3. To understand the security of sensor networks
- 4. To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Ability to understand the state-of-the-art research in the emerging subject of Ad Hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks
- 2. Ability to solve the issues in real-time application development based on ASN.
- 3. Ability to conduct further research in the domain of ASN

# UNIT - I

Introduction to Ad Hoc Networks - Characteristics of MANETs, Applications of MANETs and Challenges of MANETs. Routing in MANETs - Criteria for classification, Taxonomy of MANET routing algorithms, Topology- based routing algorithms-Proactive: DSDV; Reactive: DSR, AODV; Hybrid: ZRP; Position-based routing algorithms-Location Services-DREAM, Quorum-based; Forwarding Strategies: Greedy Packet, Restricted Directional Flooding-DREAM, LAR.

### **UNIT-II**

**Data Transmission -** Broadcast Storm Problem, **Rebroadcasting Schemes**-Simple-flooding, Probability-based Methods, Area-based Methods, Neighbor Knowledge-based: SBA, Multipoint Relaying, AHBP. **Multicasting: Tree-based:** AMRIS, MAODV; **Mesh-based:** ODMRP, CAMP; **Hybrid:** AMRoute, MCEDAR.

### **UNIT - III**

**Geocasting:** Data-transmission Oriented-LBM; Route Creation Oriented-GeoTORA, MGR. TCP over Ad Hoc TCP protocol overview, TCP and MANETs, Solutions for TCP over Ad hoc

# **UNIT - IV**

**Basics of Wireless, Sensors and Lower Layer Issues:** Applications, Classification of sensornetworks, Architecture of sensor network, Physical layer, MAC layer, Link layer, Routing Layer.

### UNIT - V

**Upper Layer Issues of WSN:** Transport layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to theinherent dynamic nature of WSNs, Sensor Networks and mobile robots.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1 Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Theory and Applications, Carlos Corderio Dharma P. Aggarwal, World Scientific Publications, March 2006, ISBN 981–256–681–3.
- 2 Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, LeonidasGuibas, Elsevier Science, ISBN 978-1-55860-914-3 (Morgan Kauffman).

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8118PE: SPEECH AND VIDEO PROCESSING (Professional Elective-VI)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C

Course Objectives: Knowledge on speech and video processing techniques

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Describe the mechanisms of human speech production systems and methods for speech feature extraction.
- 2. Understand basic algorithms of speech analysis and speech recognition.
- 3. Explain basic techniques in digital video processing, including imaging characteristics andsensors.
- 4. Apply motion estimation and object tracking algorithms on video sequence.

### **UNIT - I:**

**Speech processing concepts:** The speech production mechanism, Discrete time speech signals, Pole-Zero modeling of speech, relevant properties of the fast Fourier transform for speech recognition, convolution, linear and nonlinear filter banks, spectral estimation of speech using DFT. Linear Prediction analysis of speech.

#### **UNIT - II:**

**Speech recognition:** Real and Complex Cepstrum, application of cepstral analysis to speech signal, feature extraction for speech, static and dynamic feature for speech recognition, robustness issues, discrimination in the feature space, feature selection, MFCC, LPCC, Distance measures, vector quantization models. Gaussian Mixture model, HMM.

### **UNIT - III:**

**Basics of Video Processing:** Video formation, perception and representation: Principle of color video, video cameras, video display, pinhole model, CAHV model, Camera motion, Shape model, motion model, Scene model, two-dimensional motion models. Three-Dimensional Rigid Motion, Approximation of projective mapping.

#### **UNIT - IV:**

**Motion estimation Techniques:** Optical flow, motion representation, motion estimation criteria, optimization methods, pixel-based motion estimation, Block matching algorithm, gradient Based, Intensity matching, feature matching, frequency domain motion estimation, Depth from motion. Motion analysis applications: Video Summarization, video surveillance.

# **UNIT - V:**

**object tracking and segmentation:** 2D and 3D video tracking, blob tracking, kernel based counter tracking, feature matching, filtering Mosaicing, video segmentation, mean shift based, active shape model, video shot boundary detection. Interframe compression, Motion compensation

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Speech recognition L. Rabiner and B. Juang, Prentice Hall signal processing series.
- 2. Digital Video processing, A Murat Tekalp, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Discrete-time speech signal processing: principles and practice, Thomas F. Quatieri, Coth.
- 4. Video Processing and Communications, Yao Wang, J. Osternann and Qin Zhang, PearsonEducation.

- 1. "Speech and Audio Signal Processing", B.Gold and N. Morgan, Wiley.
- 2. "Digital image sequence processing, Compression, and analysis", Todd R. Reed, CRC Press
- 3. "Handbook of Image and Video processing", Al Bovik, Academic press, second Edition

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8119PE: ROBOTICS PROCESS AUTOMATION (Professional Elective-VI)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C

**Course Objectives:** Aim of the course is to make learners familiar with the concepts of Robotic Process Automation.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Describe RPA, where it can be applied and how it's implemented.
- 2. Identify and understand Web Control Room and Client Introduction.
- 3. Understand how to handle various devices and the workload.
- 4. Understand Bot creators, Web recorders and task editors.

### UNIT - I

Introduction to Robotic Process Automation & Bot Creation Introduction to RPA and Use cases – Automation Anywhere Enterprise Platform – Advanced features and capabilities – Ways to create Bots.

### **UNIT - II**

Web Control Room and Client Introduction - Features Panel - Dashboard (Home, Bots, Devices, Audit, Workload, Insights) - Features Panel - Activity (View Tasks in Progress and Scheduled Tasks) - Bots (View Bots Uploaded and Credentials).

### **UNIT - III**

Devices (View Development and Runtime Clients and Device Pools) - Workload (Queues and SLA Calculator) - Audit Log (View Activities Logged which are associated with Web CR) - Administration (Configure Settings, Users, Roles, License and Migration) - Demo of Exposed API's - Conclusion - Client introduction and Conclusion.

### **UNIT-IV**

Bot Creator Introduction – Recorders – Smart Recorders – Web Recorders – Screen Recorders – Task Editor – Variables - Command Library – Loop Command – Excel Command – Database Command - String Operation Command - XML Command.

### UNIT - V

Terminal Emulator Command - PDF Integration Command - FTP Command - PGP Command - Object Cloning Command - Error Handling Command - Manage Windows Control Command - Workflow Designer - Report Designer.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Learning Robotic Process Automation: Create Software robots and automate business processes with the leading RPA tool - UiPath: Create Software robots. with the leading RPA tool – UiPath Kindle Edition.

# **REFERENCES:**

1. Robotic Process Automation A Complete Guide - 2020 Edition Kindle Edition.

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### BALAJI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8120PE: RANDOMIZED ALGORITHMS (Professional Elective-VI)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C

**Course Objective:** To introduce the power of randomization in the design and analysis of algorithms.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Appreciate the fundamentals of randomized algorithm design.
- 2. Understand the fundamentals of Markov chains and the Monte Carlo method.
- 3. Apply high probability analysis to selected randomized algorithms.
- 4. Understand the Comparison of Fingerprinting Techniques and Pattern Matching

### UNIT - I

Introduction, A Min – Cut algorithm, Las Vegas and Monte Carlo, Binary Planar Partitions, A Probabilistic Recurrence. Game – Theoretic Techniques: Game Tree Evaluation, The Minimax Principle

### **UNIT - II**

Moments and Deviations: Occupancy Problems, The Markov and Chebyshev Inequalities, Randomized Selection. Markov Chains and Random Walks: A 2-SAT example, Markov Chains, Random Walks on Graphs, Graph Connectivity

### **UNIT - III**

Algebraic Techniques: Fingerprinting and Freivald's Technique, Verifying Polynomial Identities, Perfect Matching in Graphs, Verifying Equality of Strings, A Comparison of Fingerprinting Techniques, Pattern Matching

### **UNIT - IV**

Data Structures: The Fundamental Data-structuring Problem, Random Treaps, Skip Lists, Hashtables, Hashing with O(1) Search Time. Graph Algorithms: All Pairs Shortest Paths, The Min- Cut Problem, Minimum Spanning Trees

# UNIT - V

Geometric Algorithms: Randomized Incremental Construction, Convex Hulls in the Plane, Duality, Half-Space Intersections, Dalaunay Triangulations, Trapezoidal Decompositions. Parallel and Distributed Algorithms: The PRAM Model, Sorting on a PRAM, Maximal Independent Sets, Perfect Matchings

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Randomized Algorithms: Rajeev Motwani, Prabhakar Raghavan.
- 2. Probability and Computing: Randomization and Probabilistic Techniques in Algorithms and Data Analysis by Eli Upfal and Michael Mitzenmacher.

### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Rajeev Motwani, Prabhakar Raghavan, Randomized Algorithms, Cambridge University Press.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

# 21CS8121PE: COGNITIVE COMPUTING (Professional Elective-VI)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide an understanding of the central challenges in realizing aspects ofhuman cognition.
- 2. To provide a basic exposition to the goals and methods of human cognition.
- 3. To develop algorithms that use AI and machine learning along with human interaction and feedback to help humans make choices/decisions.
- 4. To support human reasoning by evaluating data in context and presenting relevantfindings along with the evidence that justifies the answers.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand what cognitive computing is, and how it differs from traditional approaches.
- 2. Plan and use the primary tools associated with cognitive computing.
- 3. Plan and execute a project that leverages cognitive computing.
- 4. Understand and develop the business implications of cognitive computing.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction to Cognitive Science:** Understanding Cognition, IBM's Watson, Design for Human Cognition, Augmented Intelligence, Cognition Modeling Paradigms: Declarative/logic-based computational cognitive modeling, connectionist models of cognition, Bayesian models of cognition, a dynamical systems approach to cognition.

### **UNIT-II**

Cognitive Models of memory and language, computational models of episodic and semantic memory, modeling psycholinguistics.

# **UNIT - III**

Cognitive Modeling: modeling the interaction of language, memory and learning, Modeling select aspects of cognition classical models of rationality, symbolic reasoning and decision making.

# **UNIT - IV**

Formal models of inductive generalization, causality, categorization and similarity, the role of analogy in problem solving, Cognitive Development Child concept acquisition. Cognition and Artificial cognitive architectures such as ACT-R, SOAR, OpenCog, CopyCat, Memory Networks.

# UNIT - V

DeepQA Architecture, Unstructured Information Management Architecture (UIMA), Structured Knowledge, Business Implications, Building Cognitive Applications, Application of Cognitive Computing and Systems.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. The Cambridge Handbook of Computational Psychology by Ron Sun (ed.), CambridgeUniversity Press.
- 2. Formal Approaches in Categorization by Emmanuel M. Pothos, Andy J. Wills, CambridgeUniversity Press.

- 1. Judith S. Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman, Adrian Bowles Cognitive Computing and Big DataAnalytics, Wiley
- 2. Vijay V Raghavan, Venkat N. Gudivada, Venu Govindaraju, Cognitive Computing: Theory and Applications: Volume 35 (Handbook of Statistics), North Holland.

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

### 21CS8122PE: SEMANTIC WEB (Professional Elective-VI)

B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn Web Intelligence.
- 2. To learn Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web.
- 3. To learn Ontology Engineering.
- 4. To learn Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the characteristics of Semantic Web.
- 2. Apply SOAP and UDDI to web services.
- 3. Handle multiple web services using Orchestration.
- 4. Create documents using XML.
- 5. Construct and use Ontologies.

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Introduction to Semantic Web, the Business Case for the Semantic Web, XML and Its Impact on the Enterprise.

#### UNIT - II

**Web Services:** Uses, Basics of Web Services, SOAP, UDDI, Orchestrating Web Services, Securing Web Services, Grid Enabled and Semantic Web of Web Services.

### **UNIT - III**

Resource Description Framework: Features, Capturing Knowledge with RDF.

**XML Technologies:** XPath, The Style Sheet Family: XSL, XSLT, and XSL FO, XQuery, XLink, XPointer, XInclude, XMLBase, XHTML, XForms, SVG.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Taxonomies and Ontologies:** Overview of Taxonomies, Defining the Ontology Spectrum, Topic Maps, Overview of Ontologies, Syntax, Structure, Semantics, and Pragmatics, Expressing Ontologies Logically, Knowledge Representation.

# UNIT - V

**Semantic Web Application:** Semantic Web Services, e-Learning, Semantic Bioinformatics, Enterprise Application Integration, Knowledge Base. **Semantic Search Technology:** Search Engines, Semantic Search, Semantic Search Technology, Web Search Agents, Semantic Methods, Latent Semantic Index Search, TAP, Swoogle.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Thinking on the Web - Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley Interscience.

- 1. The Semantic Web: A Guide to the Future of XML, Web Services, and Knowledge Managementby Michael C. Daconta, Leo J. Obrst, Kevin T. Smith, Wiley Publishing, Inc.
- 2. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems, J.Davies, R.Studer, P.Warren, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers,(Taylor & Francis Group)
- 4. Information Sharing on the semantic Web Heiner Stuckenschmidt; Frank Van Harmelen, Springer Publications.
- 5. Programming the Semantic Web, T.Segaran, C.Evans, J.Taylor, O'Reilly, SPD.